PREPARED BY:

Jim Hobart, Partner



FREEDOM DRIVES PROGRESS



Project #250099

METHODOLOGY

Public Opinion Strategies is pleased to present the key findings of a survey conducted nationwide. The survey was completed April 21-27,2025, among 1,200 Hispanic voters, and has a credibility interval of +3.23%.

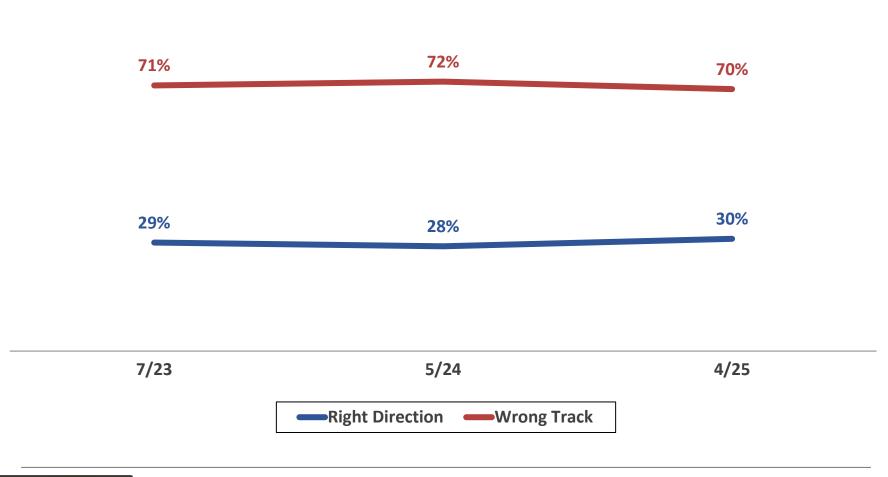
Jim Hobart was the primary researcher on this project. Torie Bolger was the project director and Colin McInroe provided analytical support.





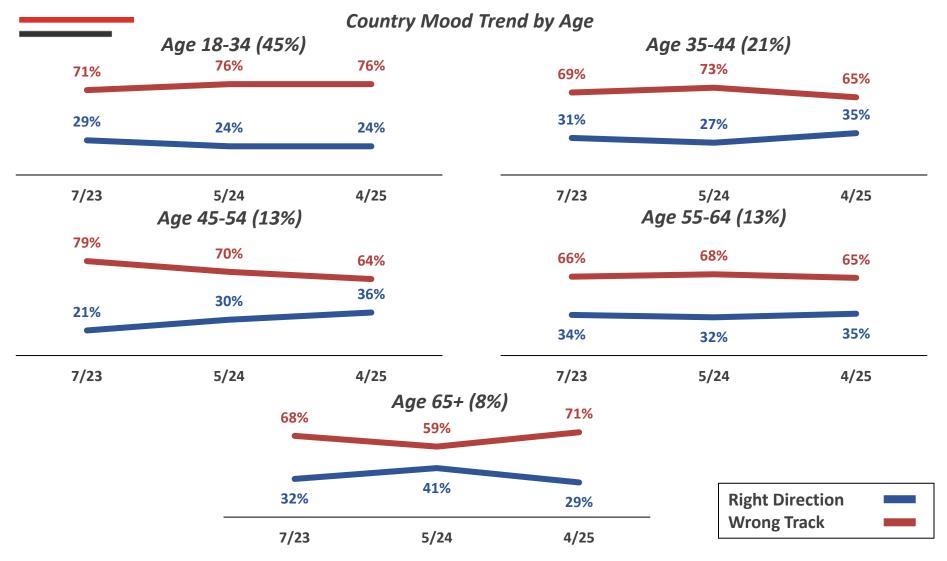
Political Environment

70% of Hispanics think the country is on the wrong track.



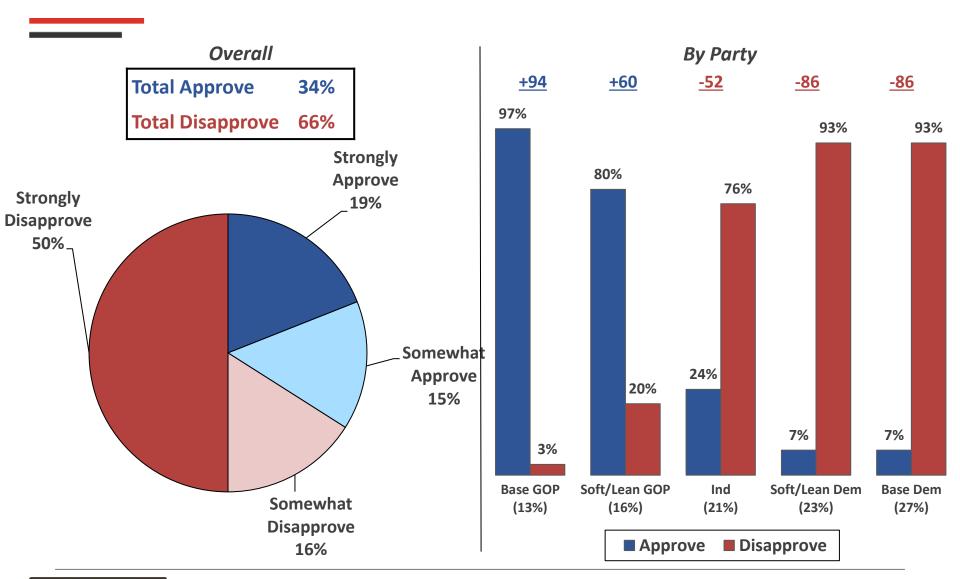


Three-quarters of voters younger than 35 are pessimistic about the direction of the country.



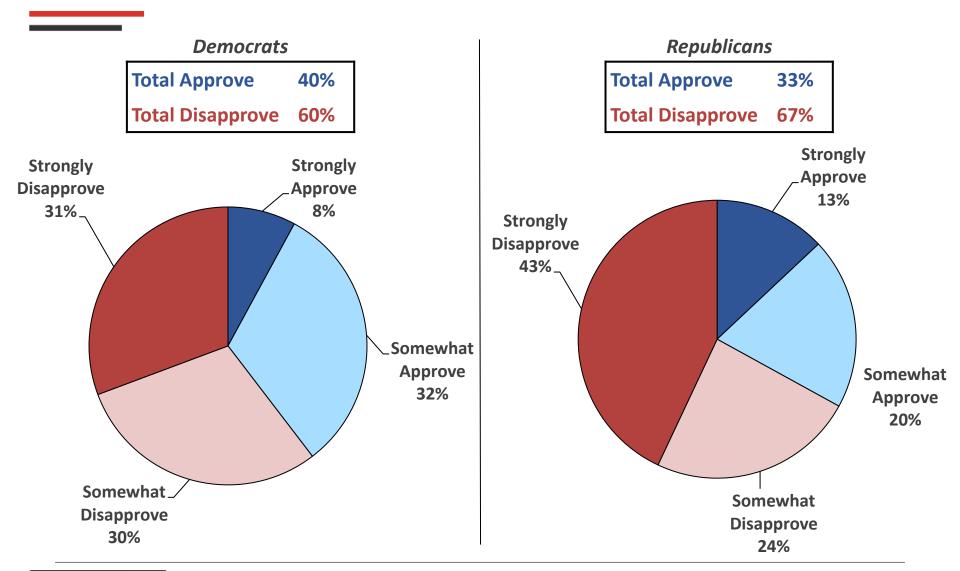


Two-thirds of voters, including three-quarters of Independents, disapprove of the President's job performance. Half strongly disapprove.



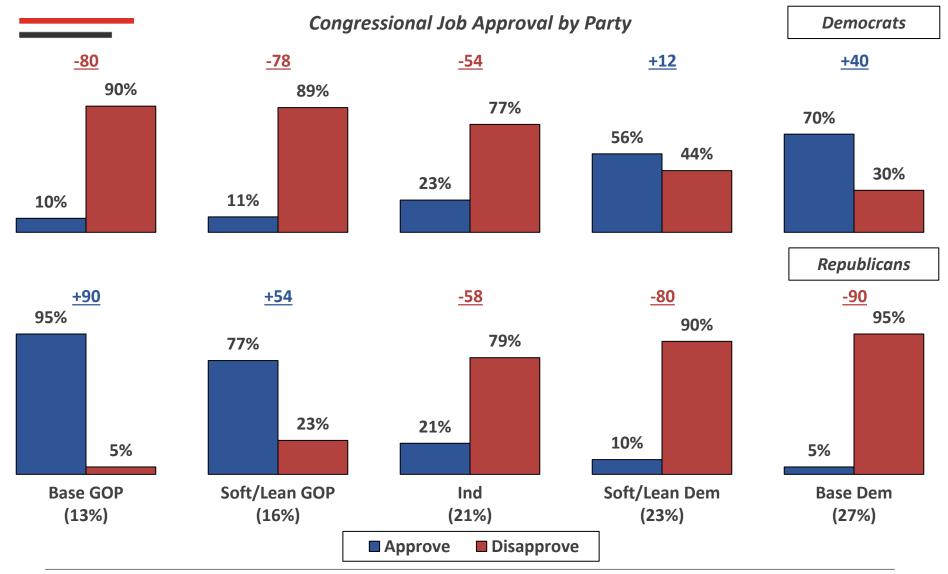


Hispanic voters disapprove of both Republicans and Democrats in Congress.



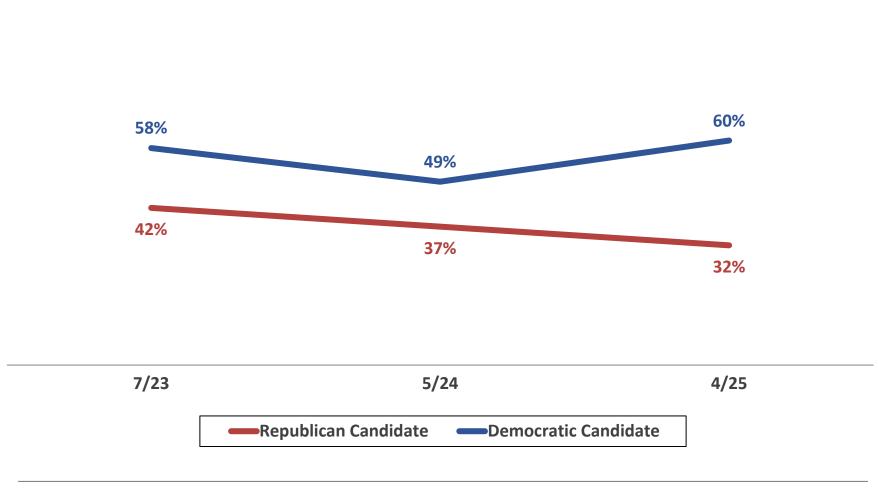


44% of soft Democrats and 30% of base Democrats disapprove of their party's Representatives in Congress.



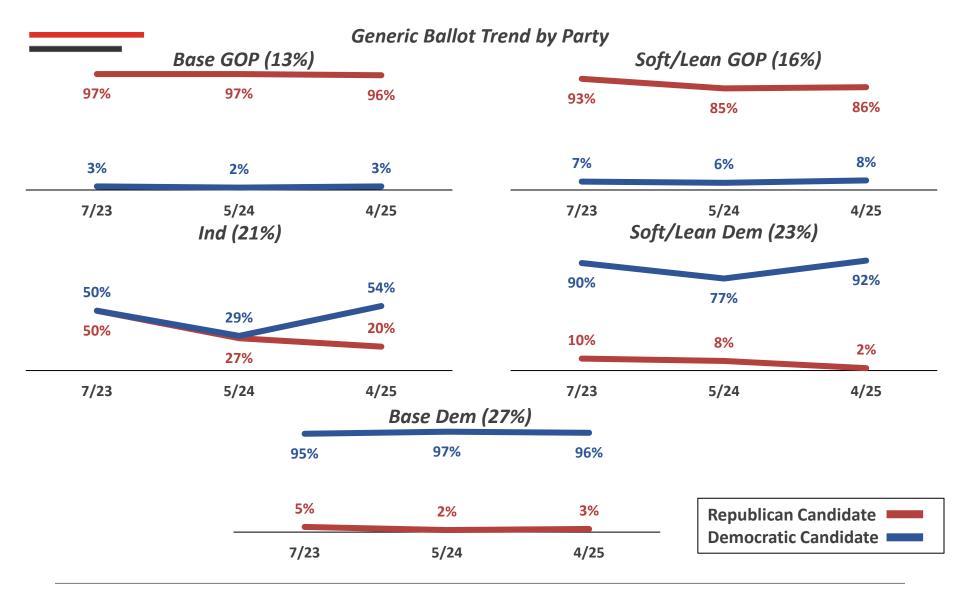


The generic Democrat is at 60% on the generic ballot.



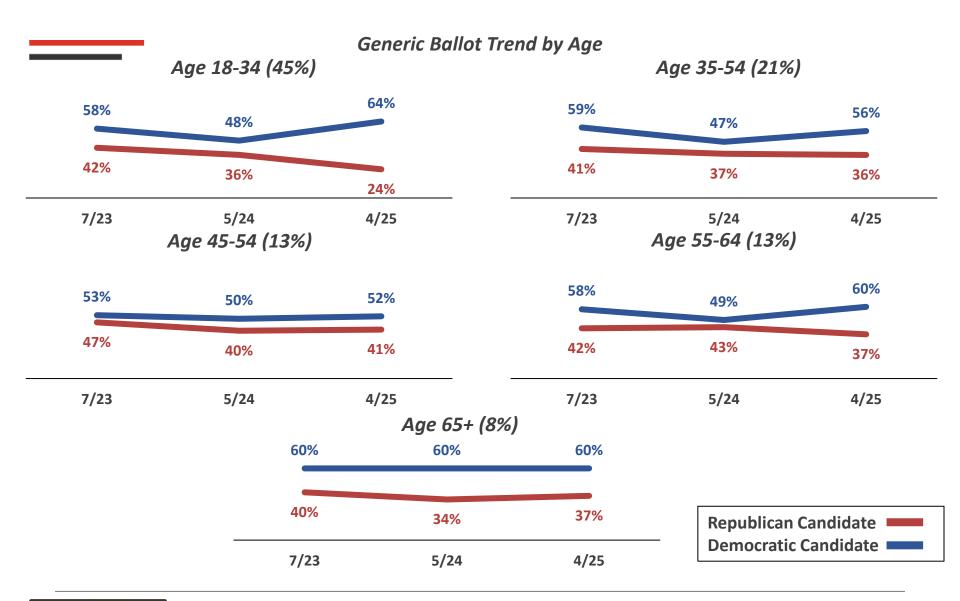


A majority of Independents favor the Democratic candidate.





Younger voters have shifted to the Democrats.



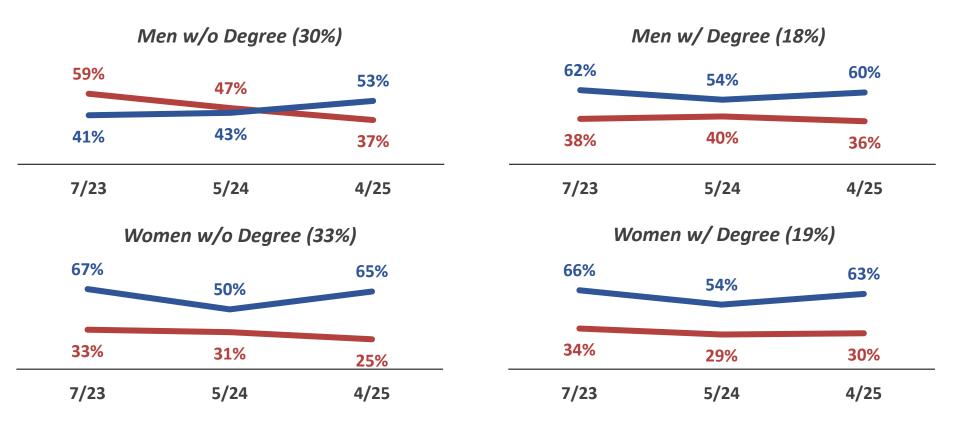


A majority of non-college educated men now prefer the Democratic candidate.

Generic Ballot Trend by Gender/Education

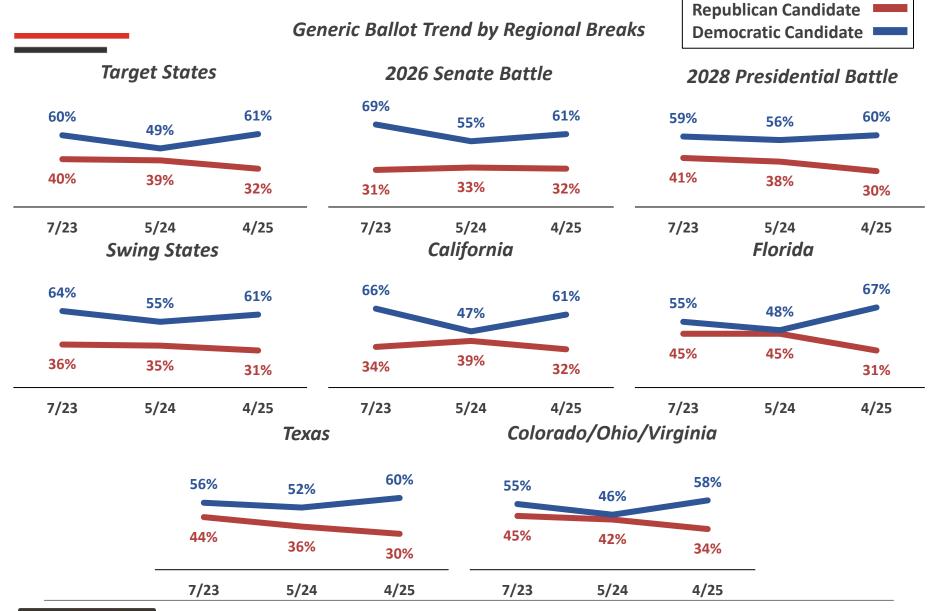
Republican Candidate

Democratic Candidate





Democrats are comfortably ahead in all regional breaks.

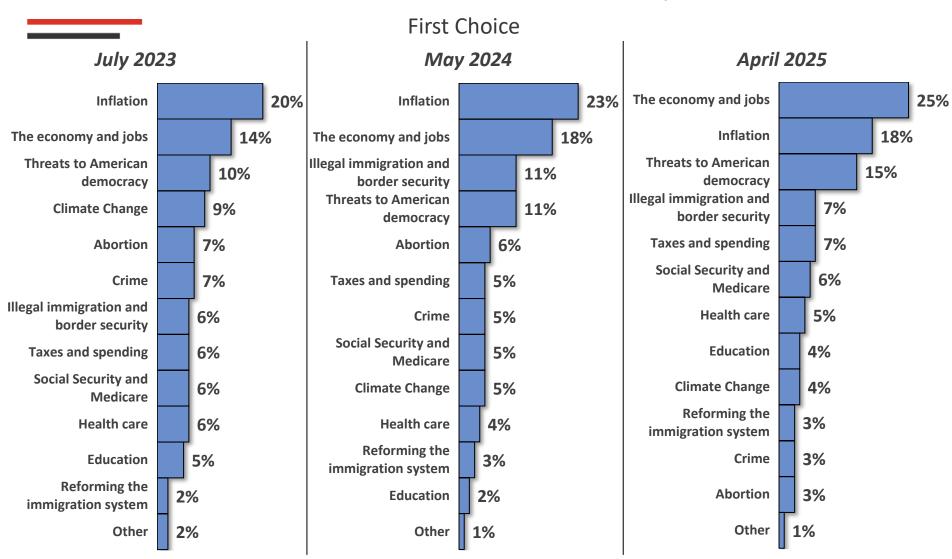






Issues

The economy and jobs is now the top issue, with inflation in second place.





The economy and jobs is the top issue across party lines except for base Republicans, with whom it is a close second.

Top Issues by Party

		iop issues by Party		
Base GOP (13%)	Soft/Lean GOP (16%)	Ind (21%)	Soft/Lean Dem (23%)	Base Dem (27%)
Illegal immigration and border security (24%)	The economy and jobs (31%)	The economy and jobs (27%)	The economy and jobs (24%)	The economy and jobs (23%)
The economy and jobs (23%)	Inflation (19%)	Inflation (18%)	Threats to American democracy (19%)	Threats to American democracy (20%)
Inflation (14%)	Illegal immigration and border security (12%)	Threats to American democracy (16%)	Inflation (18%)	Inflation (20%)
Taxes and spending (13%)	Taxes and spending (12%)	Taxes and spending (6%)	Health Care (7%)	Social Security and Medicare (10%)



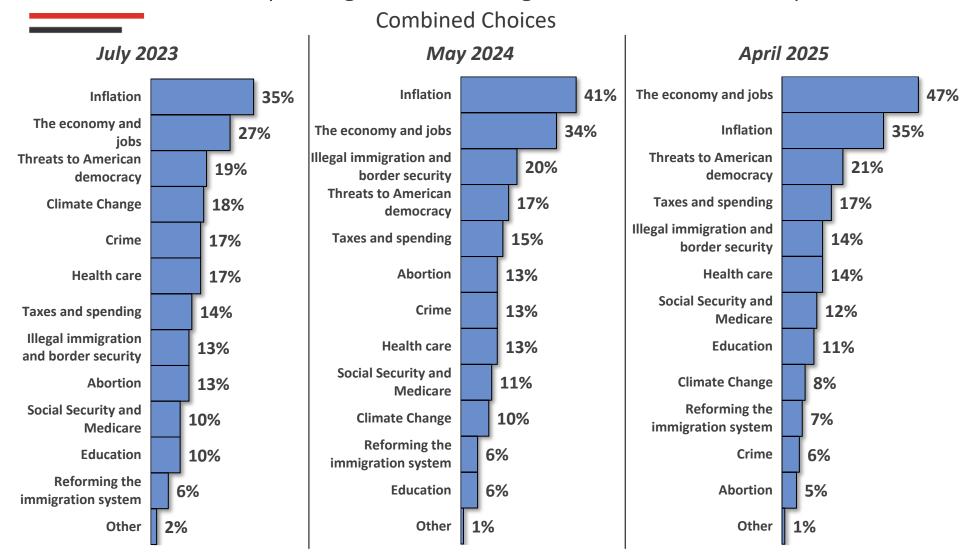
The economy is the top issue for all age groups.



		Top Issues by Age		
Age 18-34 (45%)	Age 35-44 (21%)	Age 45-54 (13%)	Age 55-64 (13%)	Age 65+ (8%)
The economy and jobs (27%)	The economy and jobs (30%)	The economy and jobs (24%)	The economy and jobs (22%)	Social Security and Medicare (24%)
Inflation (20%)	Threats to American democracy (15%)	Inflation (24%)	Threats to American democracy (18%)	Threats to American democracy (20%)
Threats to American democracy (14%)	Inflation (13%)	Threats to American democracy (11%)	Inflation (18%)	Illegal immigration and border security (16%)
Taxes and spending (6%)	Taxes and spending (8%)	Illegal immigration and border security (11%)	Social Security and Medicare (13%)	The economy and jobs (13%)



The economy and jobs remains in first place on the combined choice. Inflation is in second, threats to American democracy is second, and taxes and spending is fourth. Immigration has fallen to fifth place.





Nearly half of Independents list the economy as their top issue.

Top Combined Issues by Party

Top combined issues by I dity				
Base GOP	Soft/Lean GOP	Ind	Soft/Lean Dem	Base Dem
(13%)	(16%)	(21%)	(23%)	(27%)
The economy	The economy	The economy	The economy	The economy
and jobs	and jobs	and jobs	and jobs	and jobs
(50%)	(49%)	(47%)	(43%)	(49%)
Illegal immigration and border security (36%)	Inflation	Inflation	Inflation	Inflation
	(41%)	(34%)	(33%)	(38%)
Taxes and spending (30%)	Taxes and spending (27%)	Threats to American democracy (25%)	Threats to American democracy (24%)	Threats to American democracy (28%)
Inflation (25%)	Illegal immigration and border security (25%)	Health Care (15%)	Health Care (17%)	Social Security and Medicare (17%)



Social Security is the top issue for seniors.



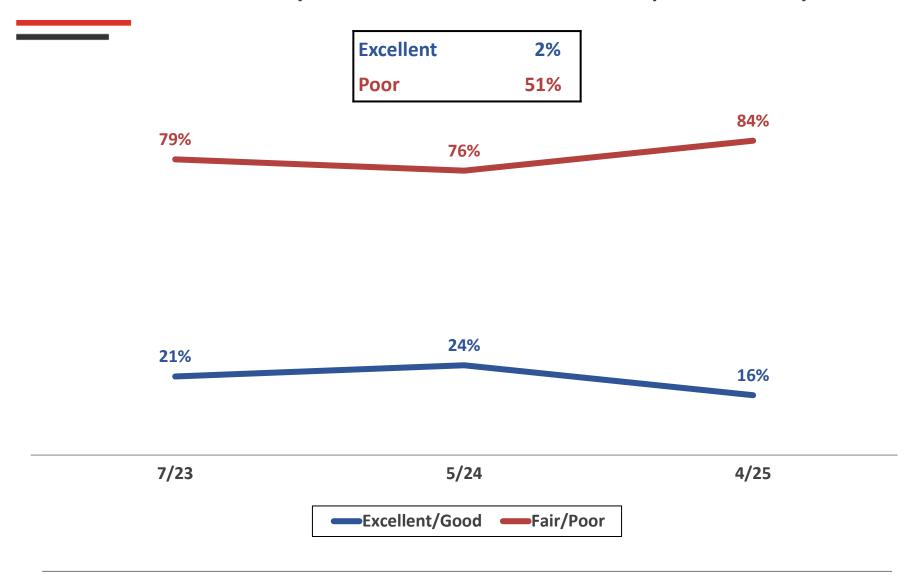
Age 18-34 (45%)	Age 35-44 (21%)	Age 45-54 (13%)	Age 55-64 (13%)	Age 65+ (8%)
The economy and jobs (50%)	The economy and jobs (52%)	The economy and jobs (47%)	The economy and jobs (40%)	Social Security and Medicare (44%)
Inflation (36%)	Inflation (32%)	Inflation (40%)	Inflation (37%)	The economy and jobs (32%)
Threats to American democracy (20%)	Threats to American democracy (23%)	Taxes and spending (21%)	Social Security and Medicare (26%)	Threats to American democracy (32%)
Health Care (16%)	Taxes and spending (19%)	Illegal immigration and border security (16%)	Threats to American democracy (25%)	Inflation (24%)





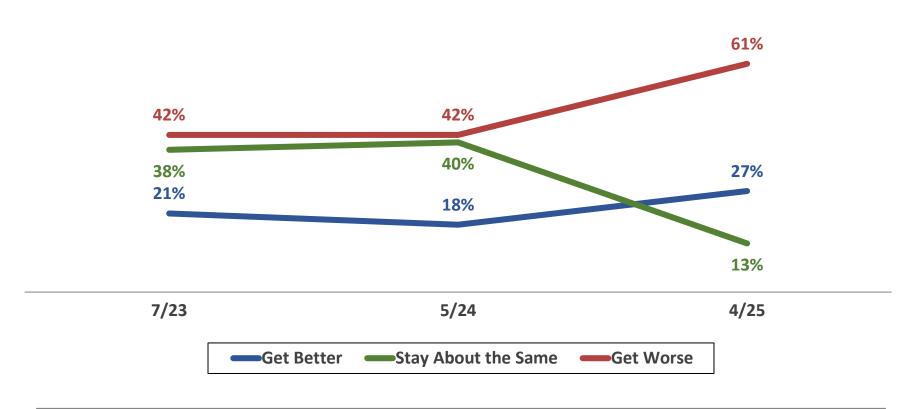
The Economy

More voters now have a negative view of the economy than under the Biden presidency.



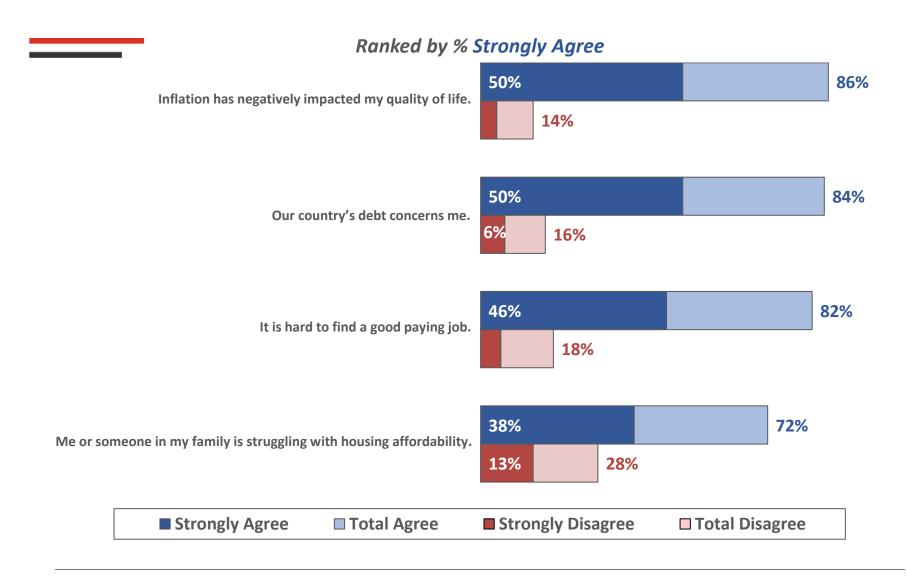


Over 60% of voters think the economy will get worse.



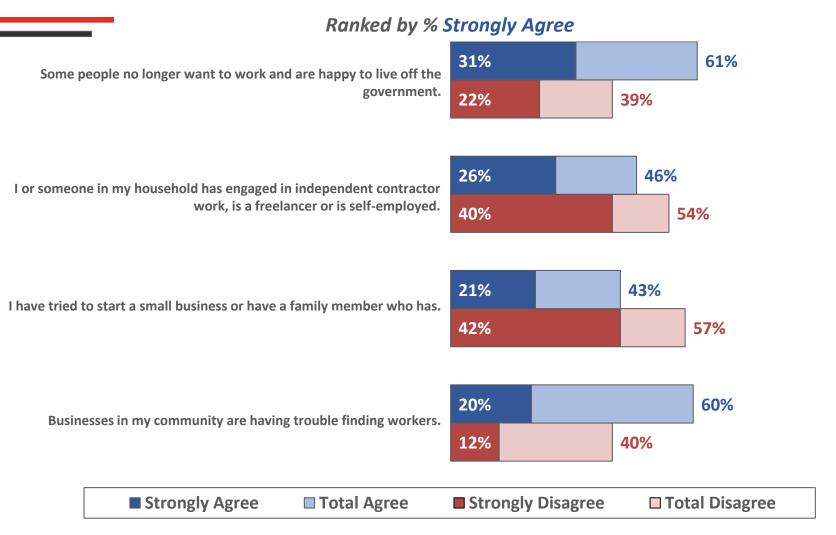


Voters are concerned about inflation and the national debt.



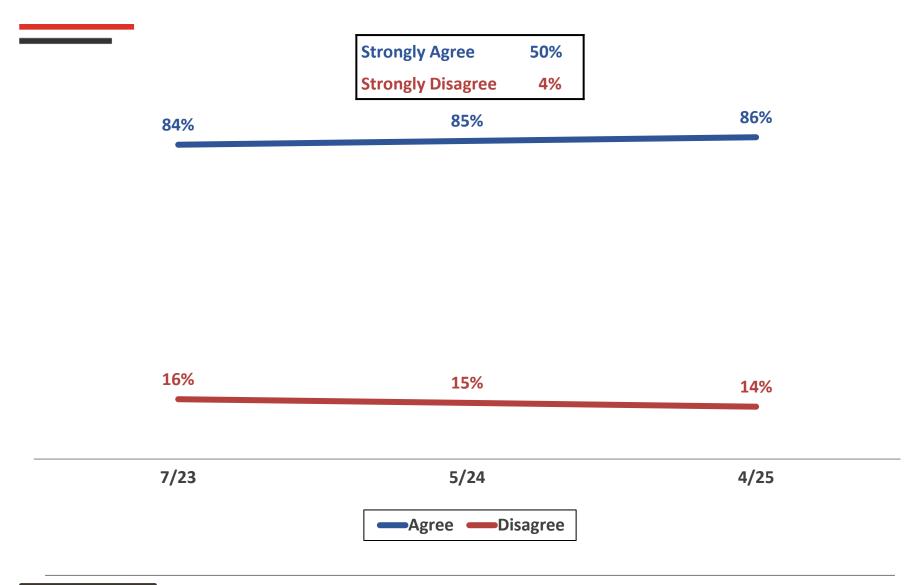


Over 60% of voters agree that there are people who "no longer want to work and are happy to live off the government."



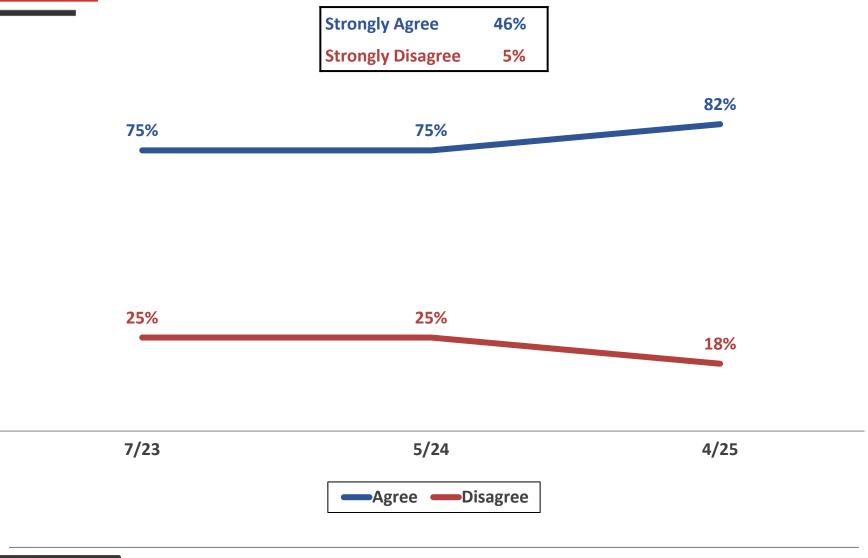


Voters continue to be negatively impacted by inflation.





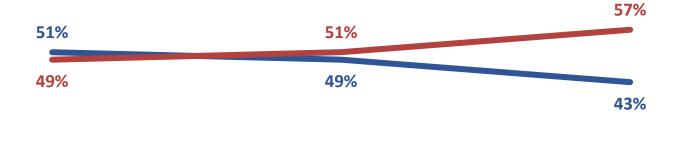
Over 80% of voters now agree that it is hard to find a good paying job.





Fewer voters have someone who has started a small business in their family than in the past.

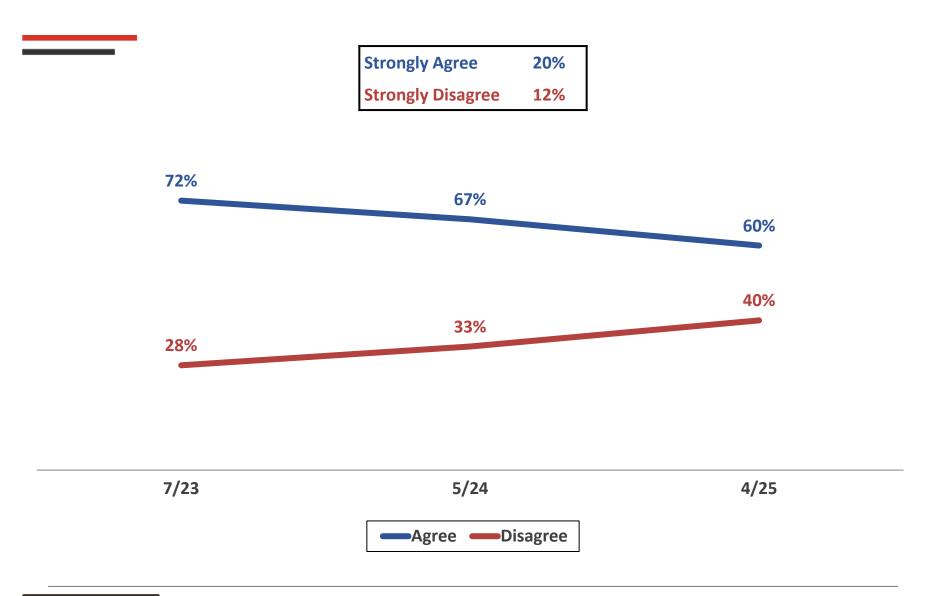






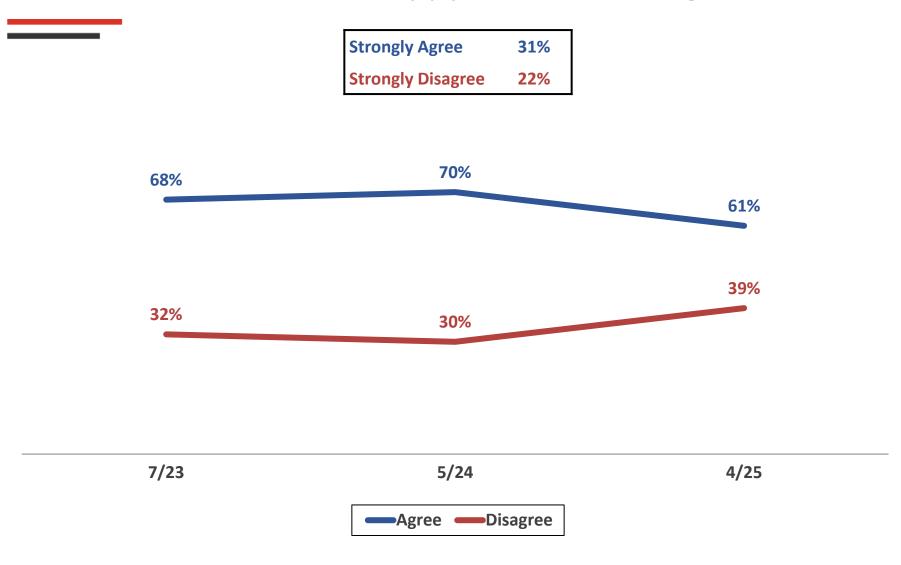


Businesses are not having as much trouble finding workers.





There is also a drop off in those saying some people no longer want to work and are happy to live off the government.

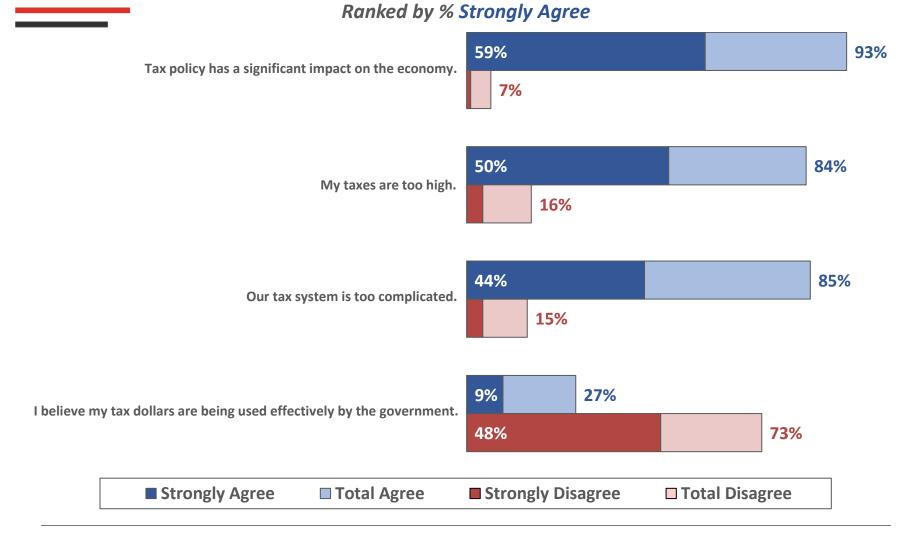






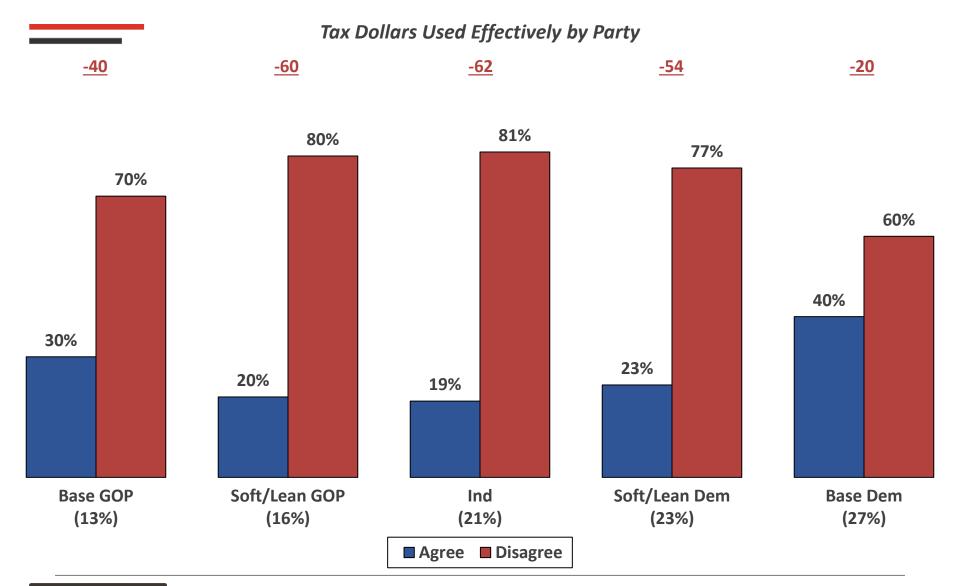
Taxes

Voters overwhelmingly believe tax policy significantly impacts the economy, that their taxes are too high, and that the tax system is too complex. They do not believe their tax dollars are being used effectively.



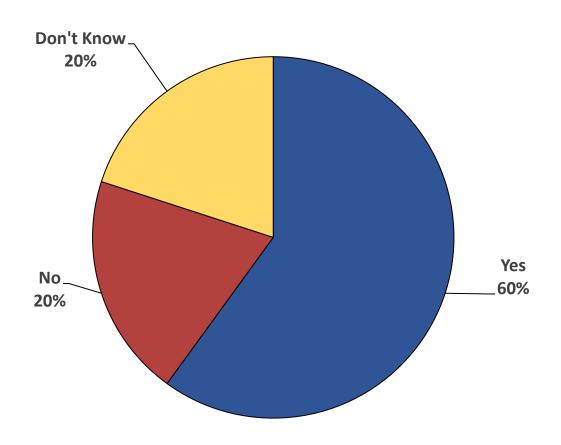


Voters across party lines disagree that their tax dollars are being used effectively. Independents and soft partisans are the most likely to disagree.



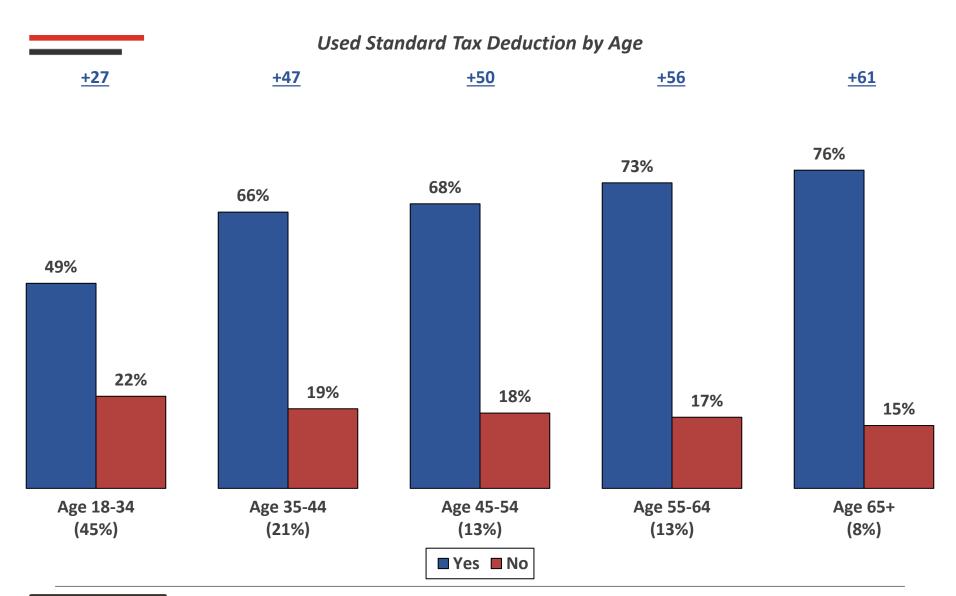


Three-fifths of voters have used the standard deduction when filing taxes.



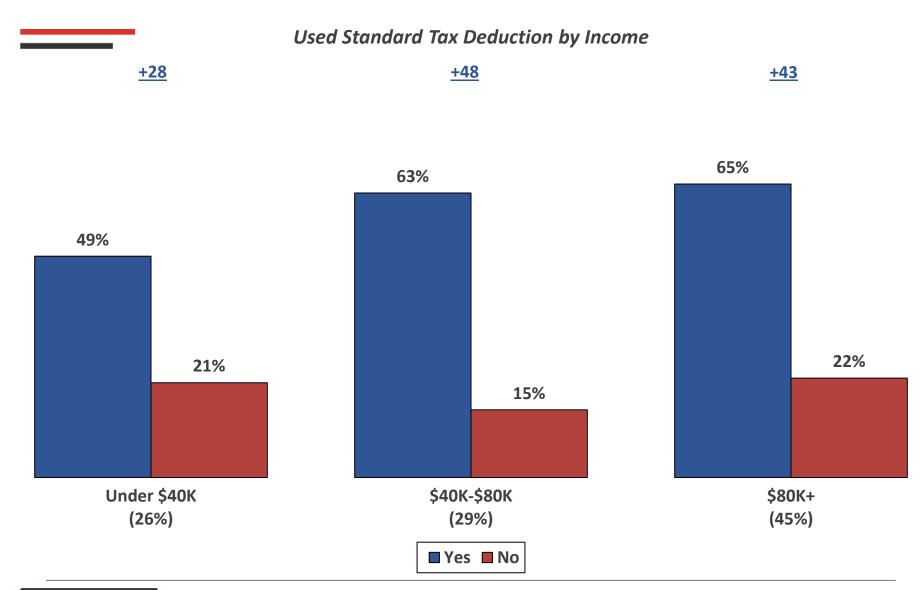


Voters of all ages have used the standard deduction.





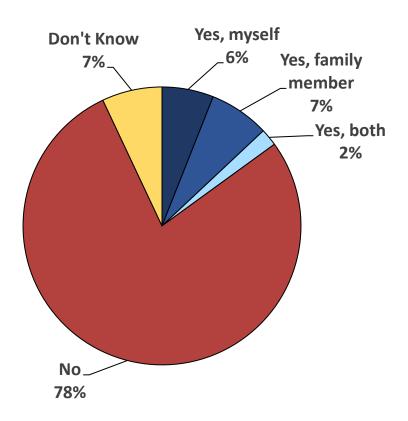
Voters of all income levels have used the deduction.





15% of voters have either been audited or have a family member who has been audited in the past 10 years.

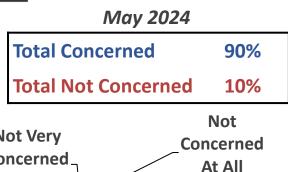


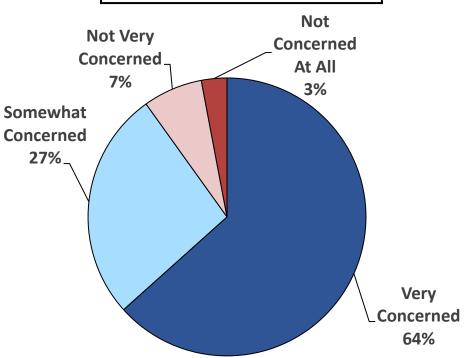


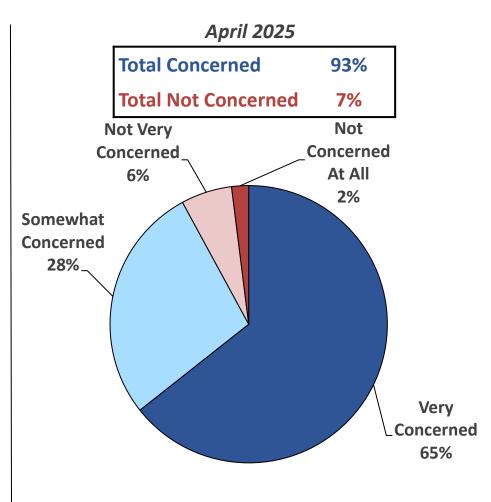
Top Groups – Yes (15%)	
Small Business Owner: Yes-Self	26%
Work 1+ Job: Yes	23%
GOP w/ Degree	22%
Independent Men	21%
Small Business Owner: Total Yes	21%
Soft/Lean GOP	20%
GOP ID: Less	20%
Child in HH: Yes	20%
Child in HH: Dads	20%
GOP ID: More	19%
Education: Graduate/Prof.	19%
GOP 18-54	19%
Employment: Hourly Men	19%
Child in HH: Moms	19%



65% of voters would be very concerned to learn that their taxes would increase.





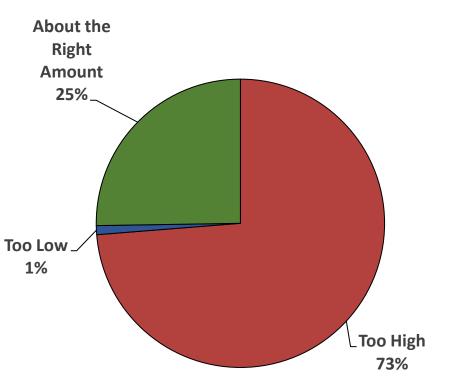




Just under three-quarters of voters say their taxes are "too high," with nearly 40% reporting that they are "way too high."

"Thinking now about the amount you pay in taxes...

Would you say the amount you pay in taxes is..."



"And, is the amount you pay in taxes..."^

39%

Way too high

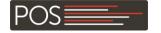
24%

Somewhat too high

10%

Just a little too high

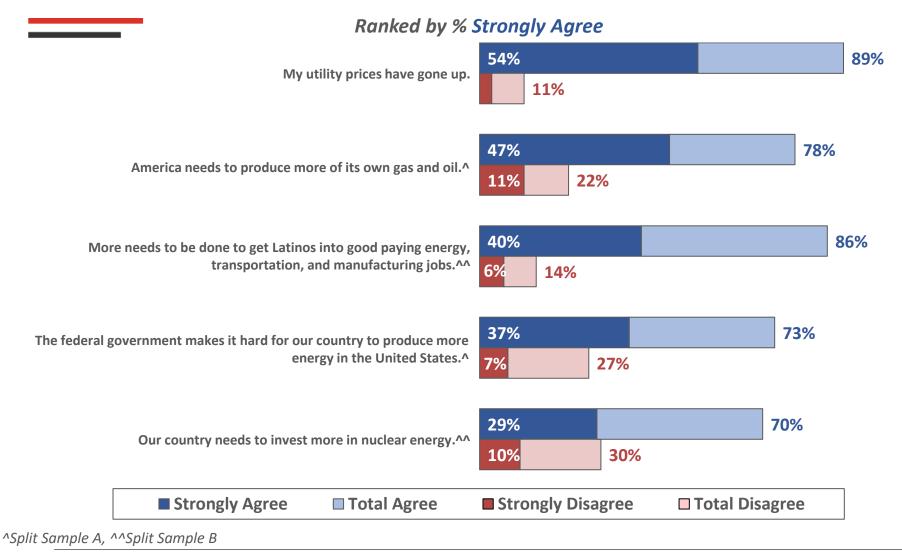
^Asked among "Too High"; Results shown off total base.





Energy

Nearly 90% of voters agree that their utility prices have increased.





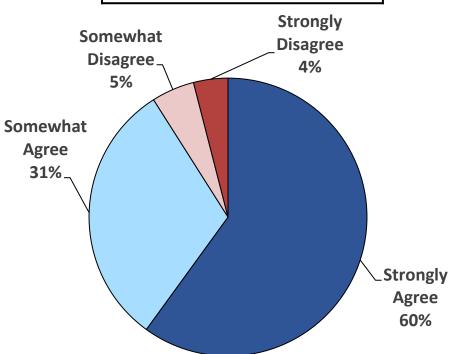


American Civics

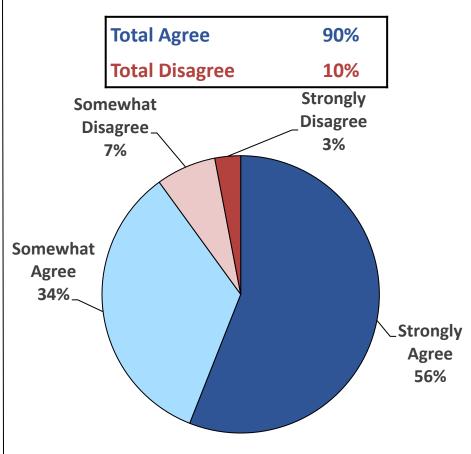
Nine-in-ten voters believe individual freedoms have helped make the U.S. a prosperous country.

"The protection of individual freedoms, such as free speech and property rights, has played a significant role in making the United States a prosperous country."^





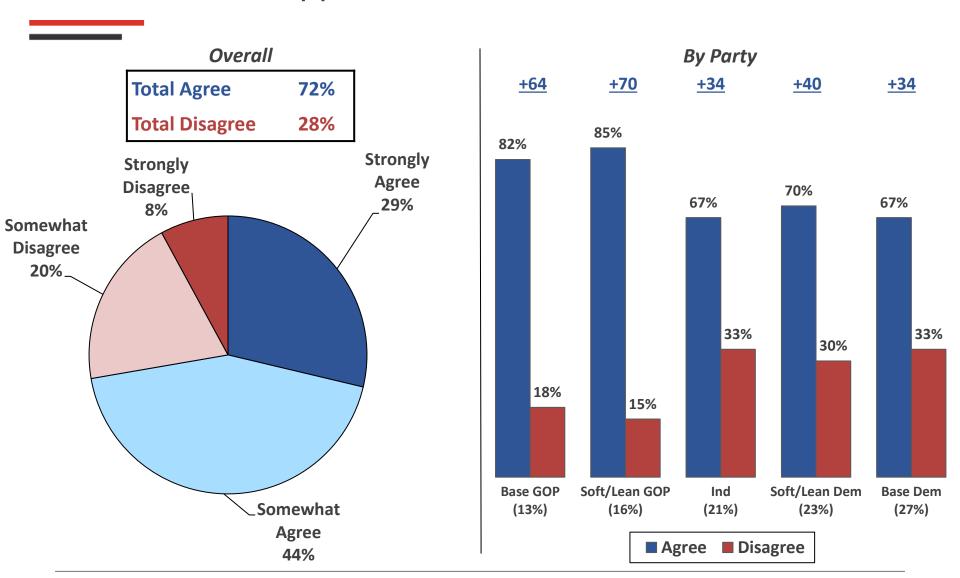
"The protection of individual freedoms has played a significant role in making the United States a prosperous country."^^



^Split Sample A, ^^Split Sample B



Over 70% of voters agree that limiting the role of government "creates more opportunities for individuals to succeed."

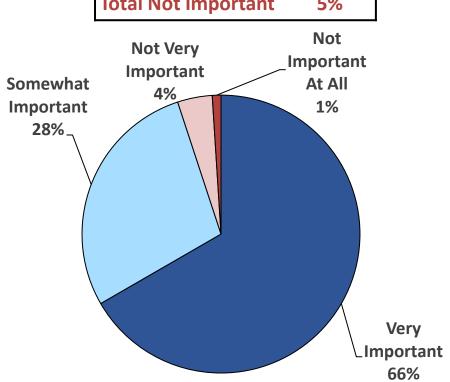




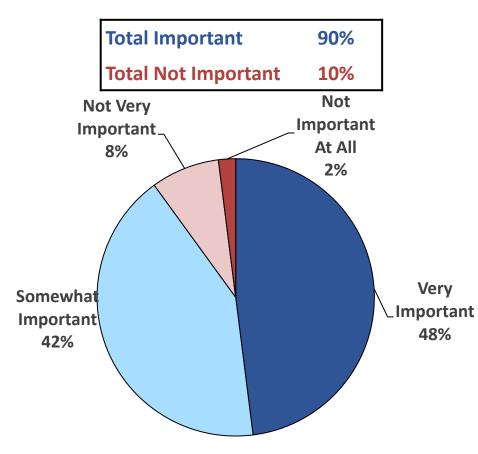
Voters are more likely to say private property rights are "very important" when the explanatory gloss is provided.

"How important do you think private property rights, such as the ability to own a home or business, are to economic success in the United States? Is it..."^





"How important do you think private property rights are to economic success in the United States? Is it..."^^



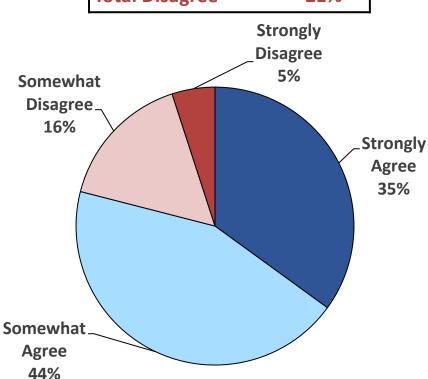
^Split Sample A, ^^Split Sample B



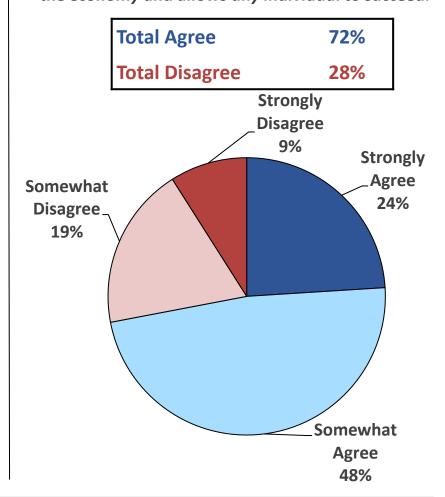
Voters agree with statements praising the free market.

"A free market is the best way to create an economy that works for ALL Americans." ^

Total Agree	79%
Total Disagree	21%



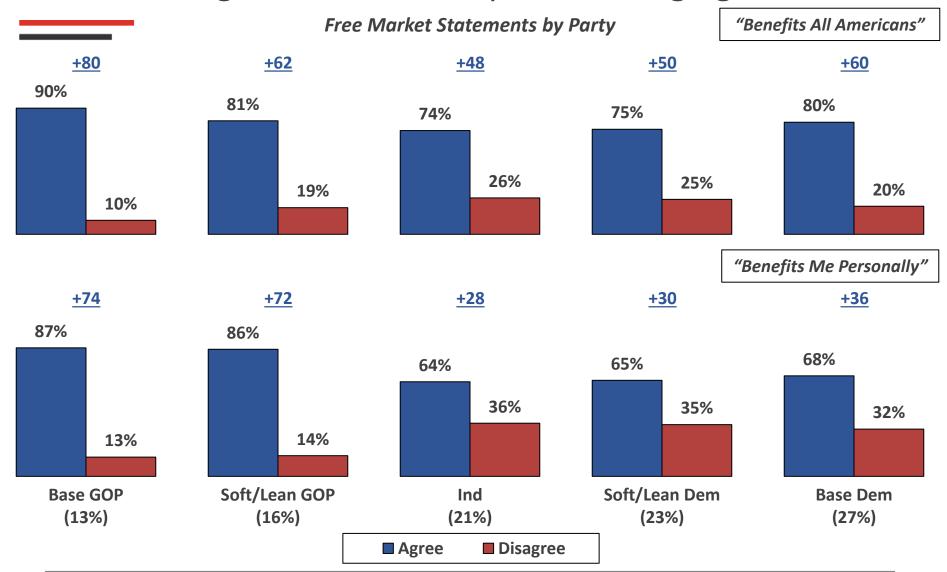
"I have benefitted from the free market because it grows the economy and allows any individual to succeed."^^



^Split Sample A, ^^Split Sample B

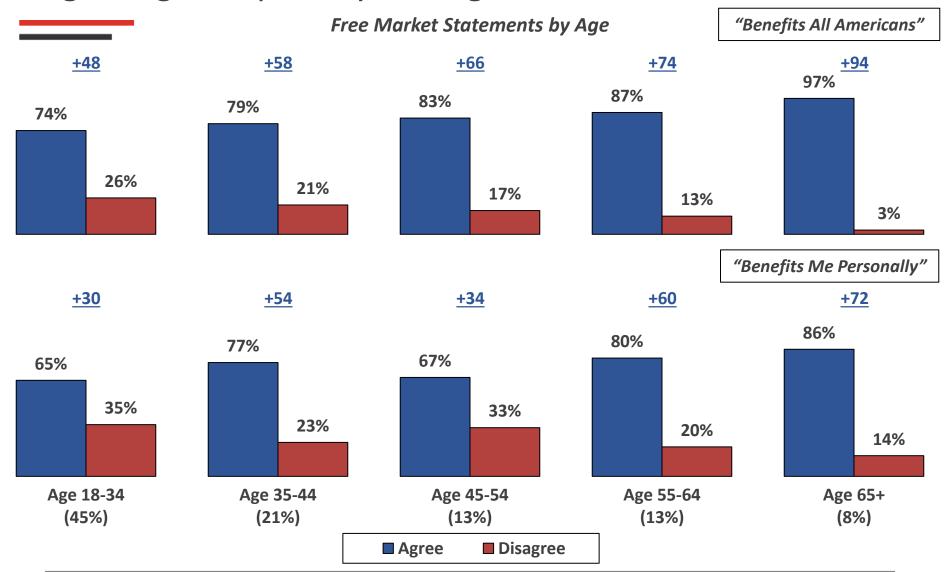


Independents are more likely to agree with the sample A messaging.





The sample A message performs more strongly across all age ranges, especially among voters between 45 and 54.

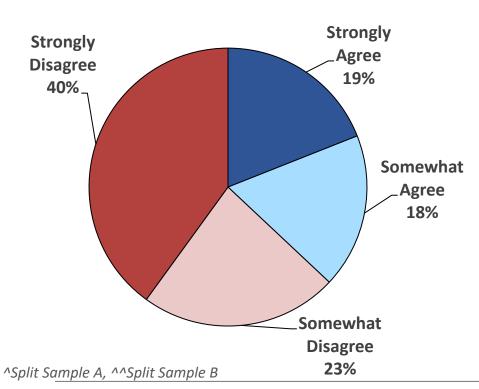




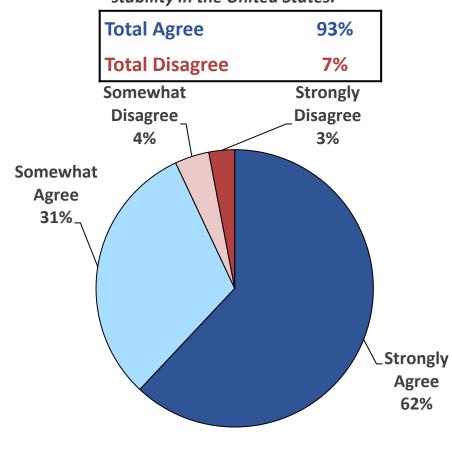
While 93% of voters agree that enforcing laws equally would increase economic opportunity, only 37% of voters believe the laws are actually applied equally.

"Laws in America are applied equally to all individuals in the United States."

Total Agree	37%
Total Disagree	63%

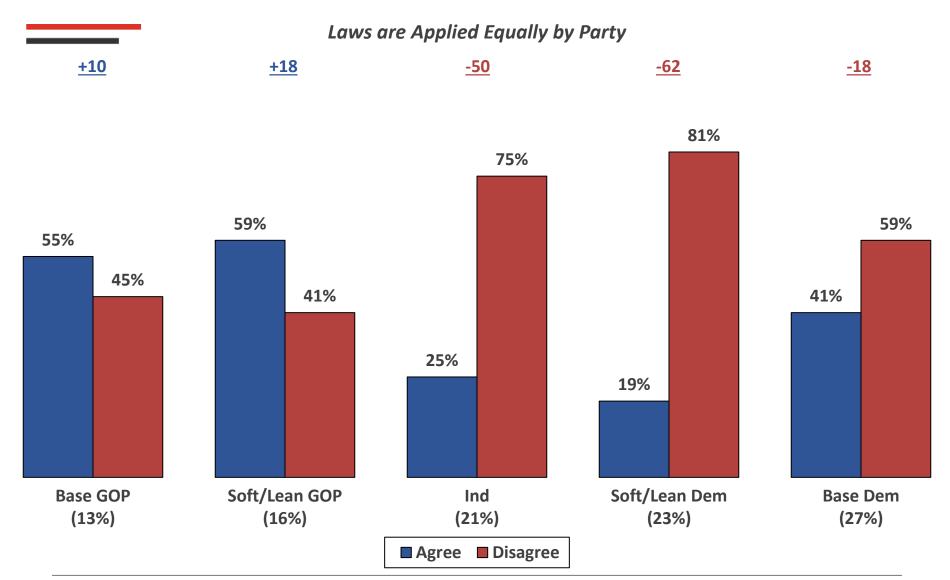


"Making sure laws in America are applied equally to all individuals would increase economic opportunity and stability in the United States."^^



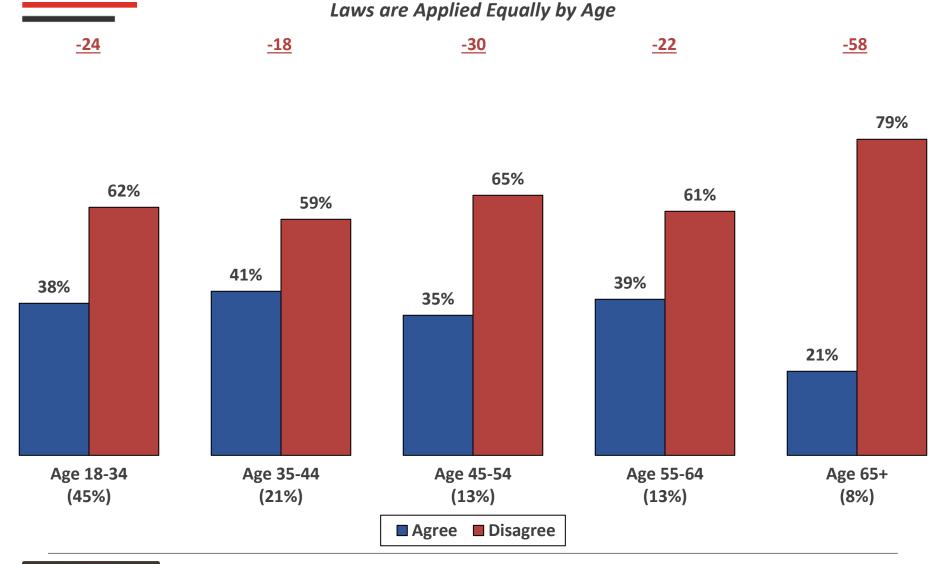


Republicans agree that the laws are applied equally. Three-quarters of Independents and four-fifths of soft Democrats disagree.





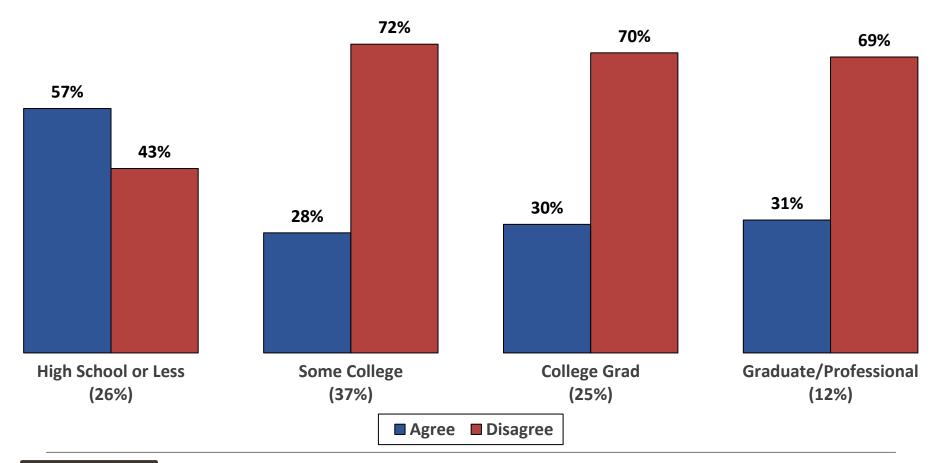
While all age ranges disagree, seniors are the most likely to disagree that laws are equally applied.





Voters with no college education believe the law is applied equally.

Laws are Applied Equally by Education

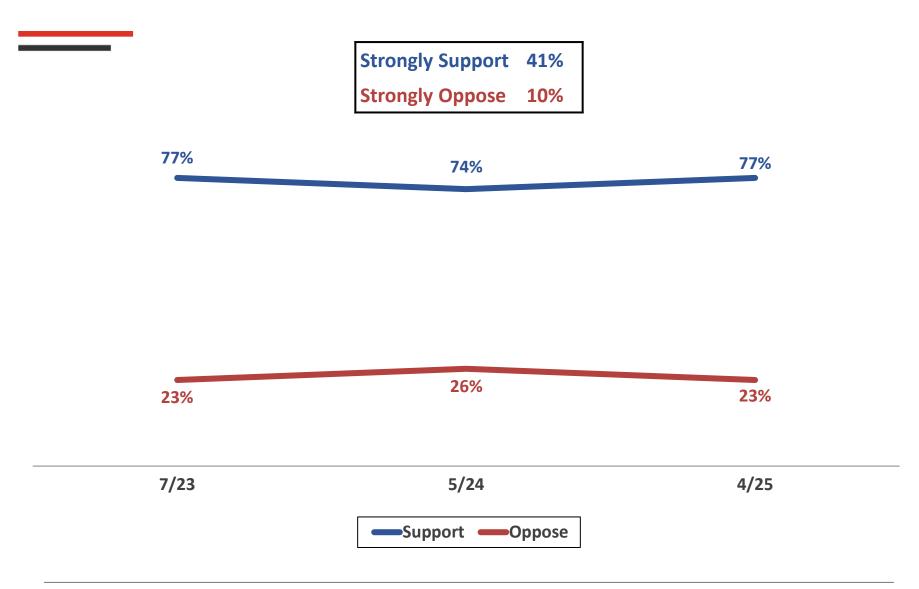






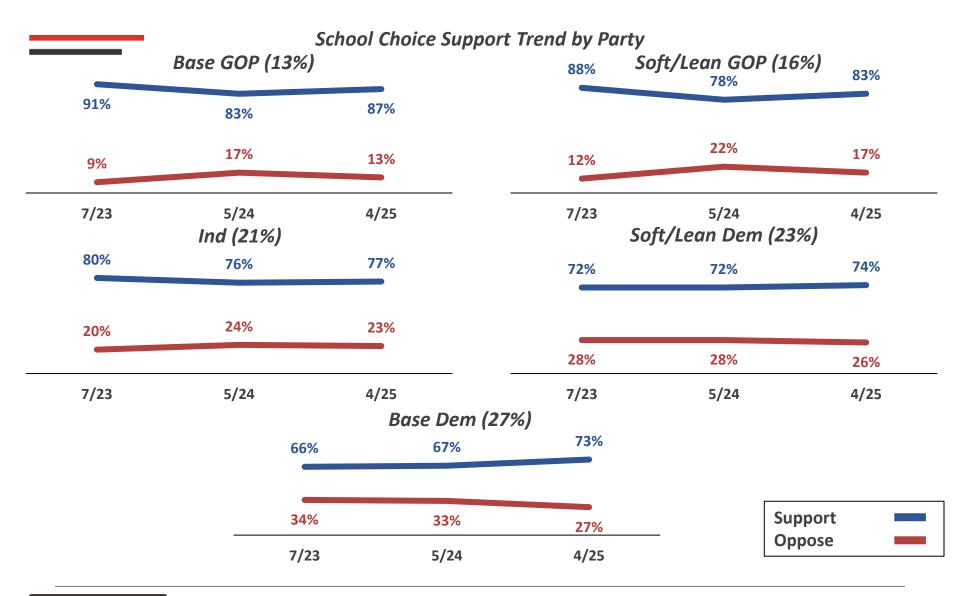
Education

Over three-quarters of voters support school choice.





School choice is popular across party lines.

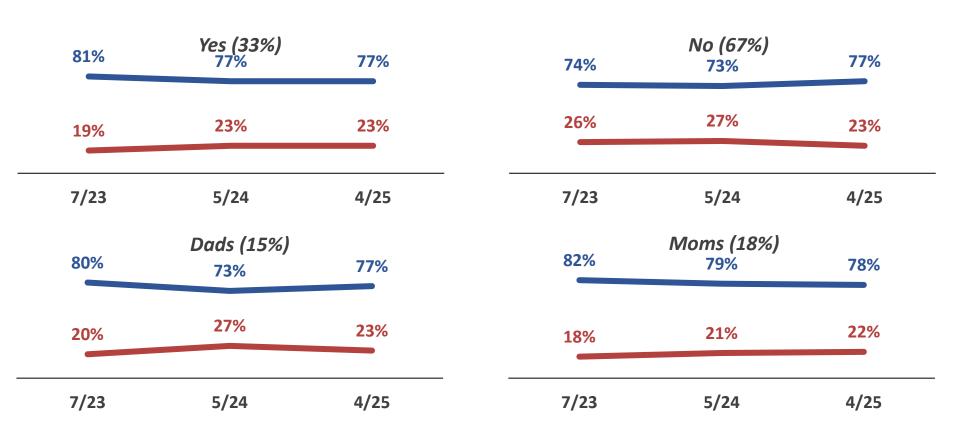




School choice is equally support among both parents and non-parents.

School Choice Support Trend by Child in HH

Support Oppose



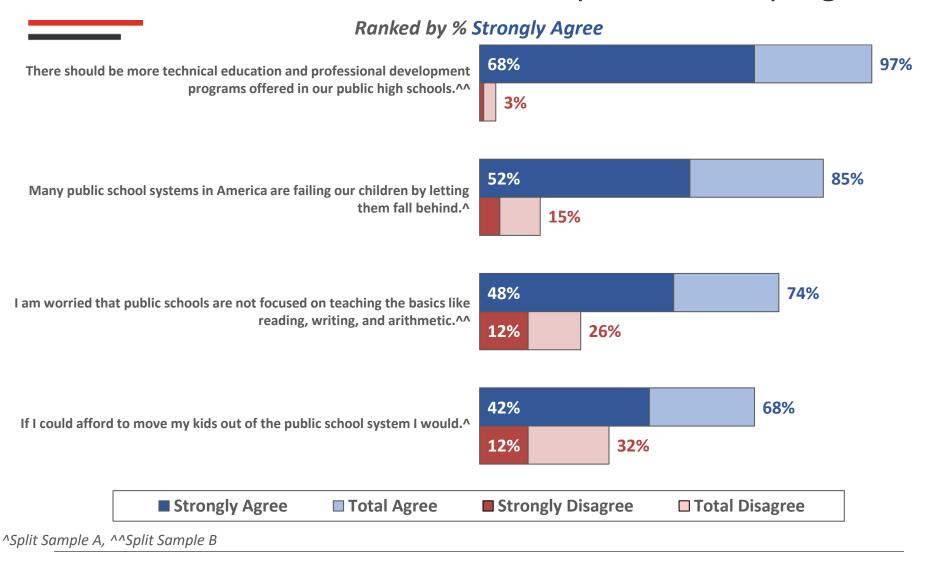


If given the option of school choice, half of voters would choose to send their child to the public school in their district; nearly 40% would select a private school.

	5/24	4/25
The public school in the district where you live	44%	50%
A private school	29%	38%
A public school in a different school district than where you live	18%	20%
A Charter school	14%	18%
Home School	14%	17%
A Religious School	14%	15%



Over 95% of voters agree that public high schools should offer more technical education and professional programs.



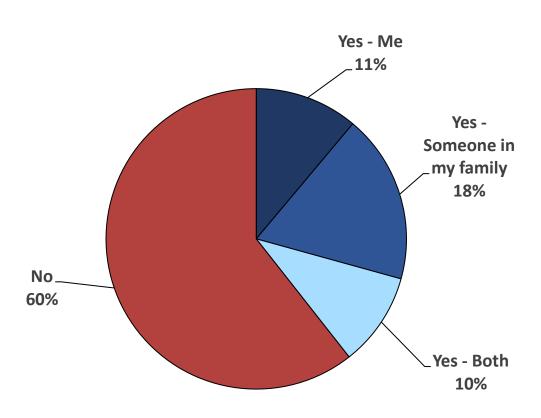




Health Care

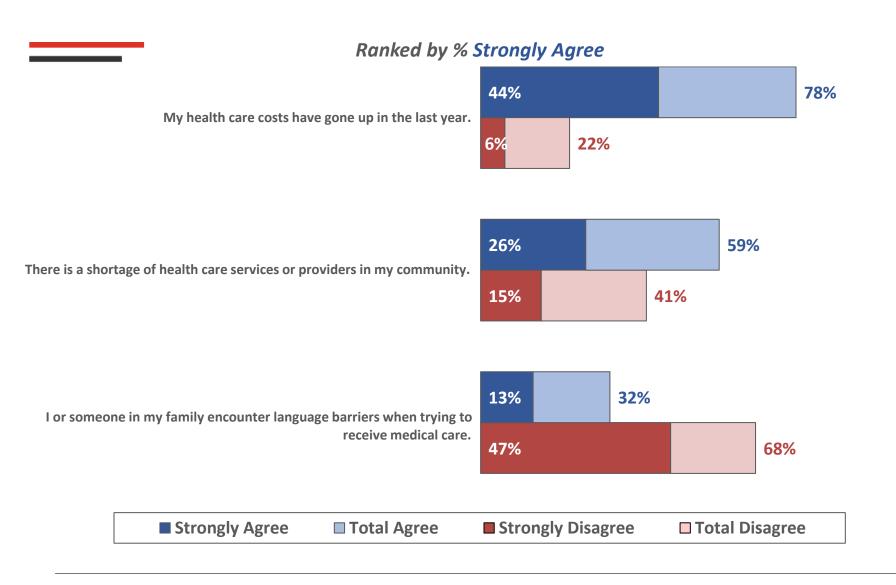
40% of voters have someone in their family with a pre-existing condition.







Voters have had their health care costs increase.





Voters are more likely to prefer easy access to health care over quality health care that is more difficult to access.

59%

Having easy access to health care

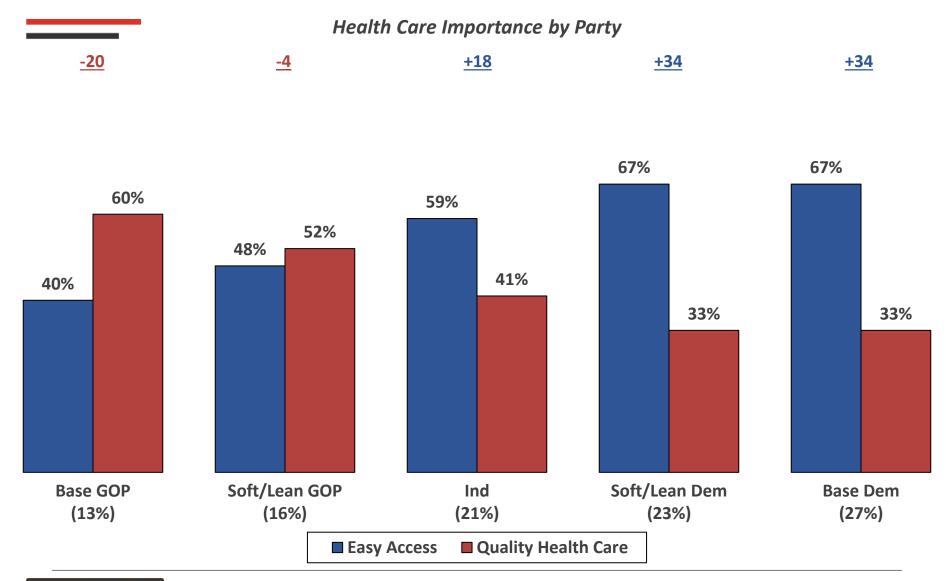
...or...

41%

Having quality health care, even if it is more difficult to access

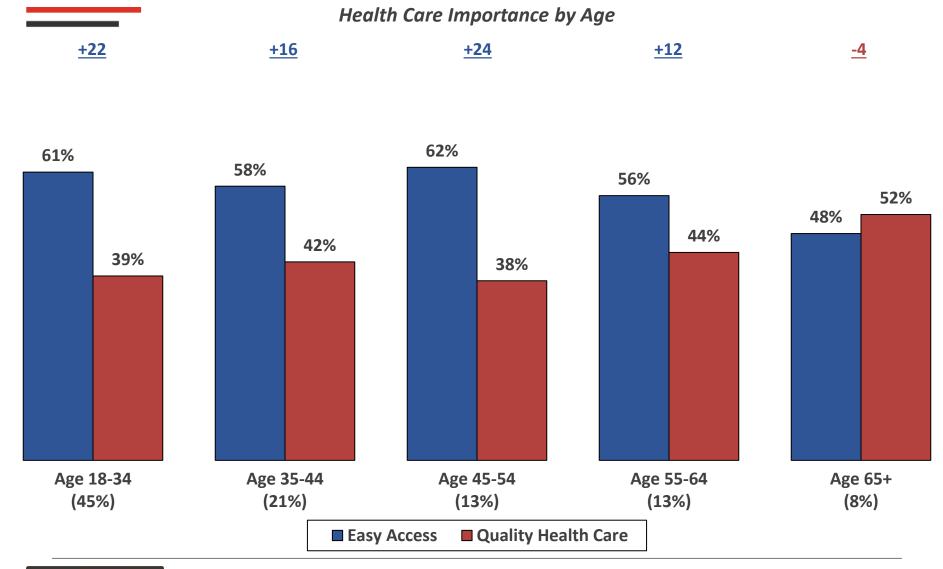


Two-thirds of Democrats prefer easy access to health care.



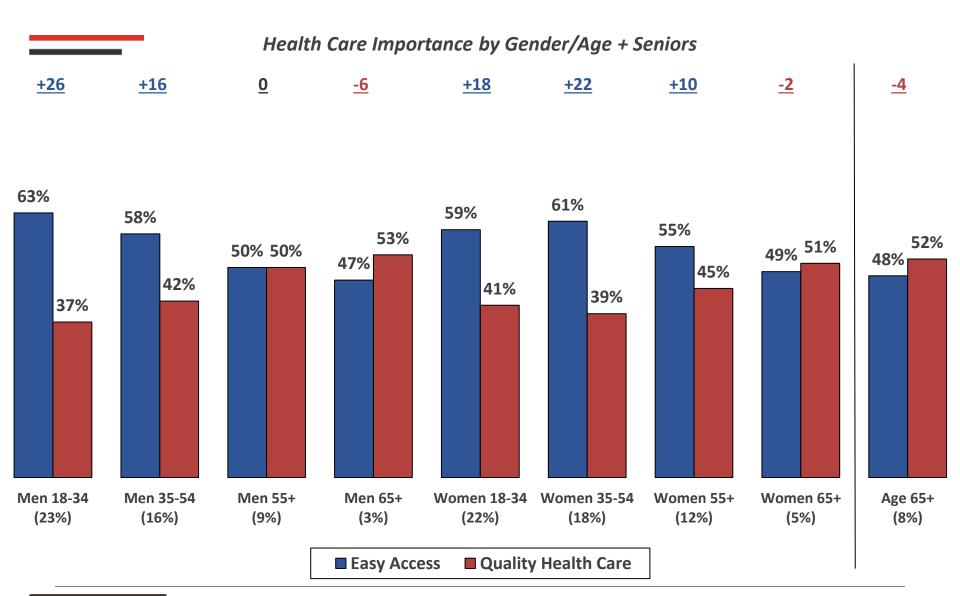


Seniors narrowly prefer quality health care over easy access.





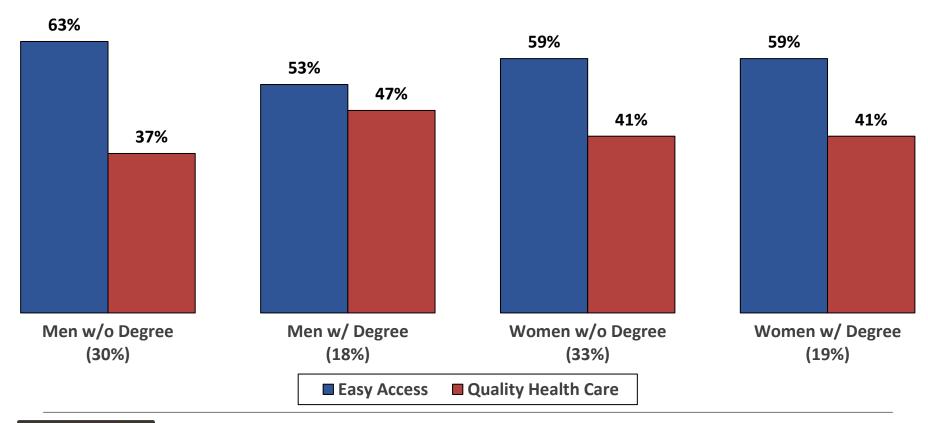
Younger men are the most likely to prefer easy access.





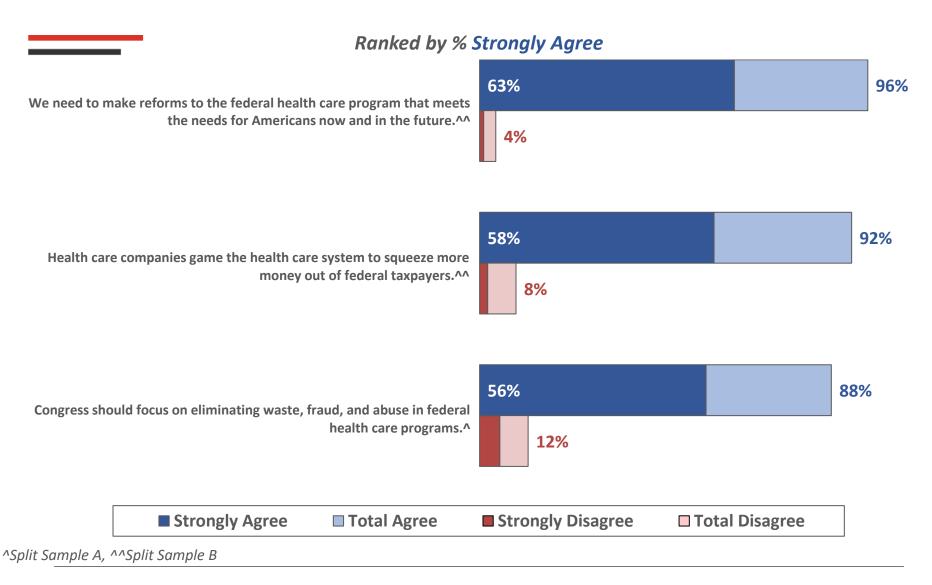
Voters across all gender/education groups prefer easy access. Men with degrees are the least likely to believe this.





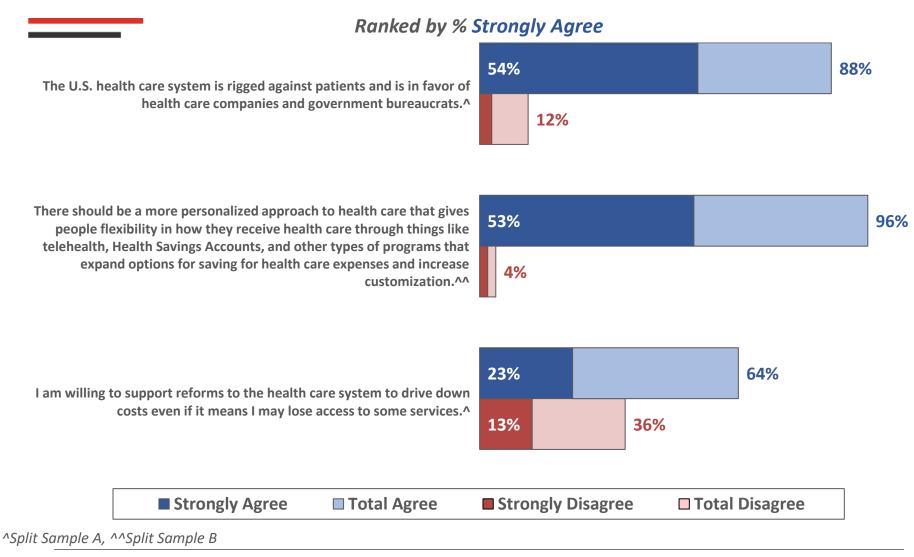


Voters strongly agree with all of these statements.





Voters are less likely to say they would support reforms that may cause them to lose access to some services.





A majority of voters believe the government has a responsibility to ensure Medicaid recipients are legitimate.

47%

Medicaid should cover as many people as possible event if it means accessing care is harder for the typical Medicaid beneficiary such as pregnant women, children, the disabled, and the elderly.

...or...

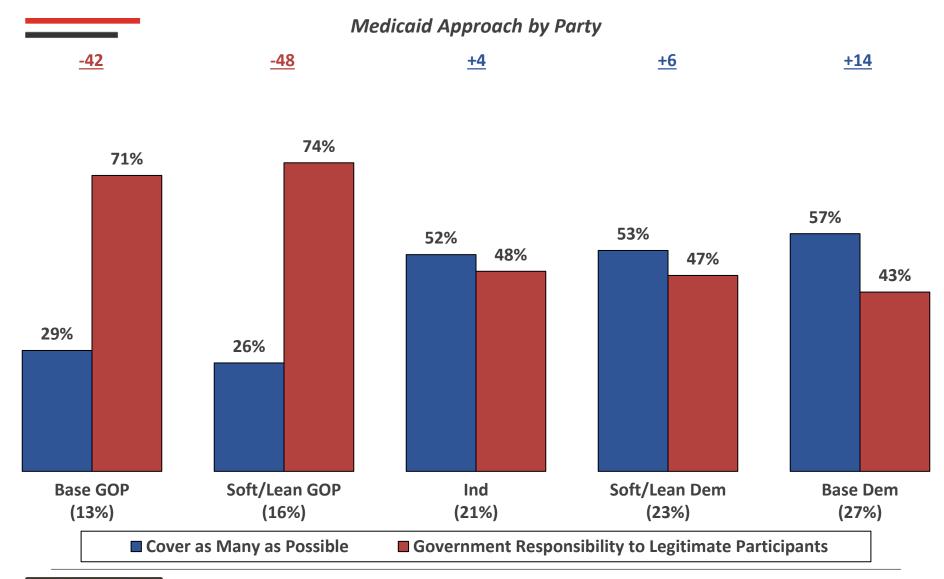
53%

The government has a responsibility to taxpayers as well as legitimate Medicaid recipients to make sure that those who are eligible can enroll, even if it means some Americans are left without health care.

^Split Sample A

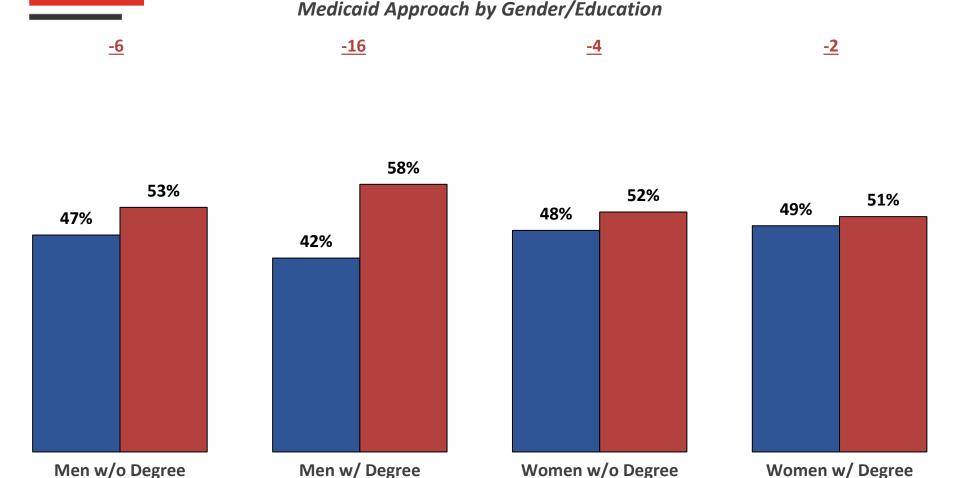


Independents and soft Democrats are divided on what approach is best.





College educated men are more likely than other gender/education groups to emphasize government's responsibility to legitimate participants.





(33%)

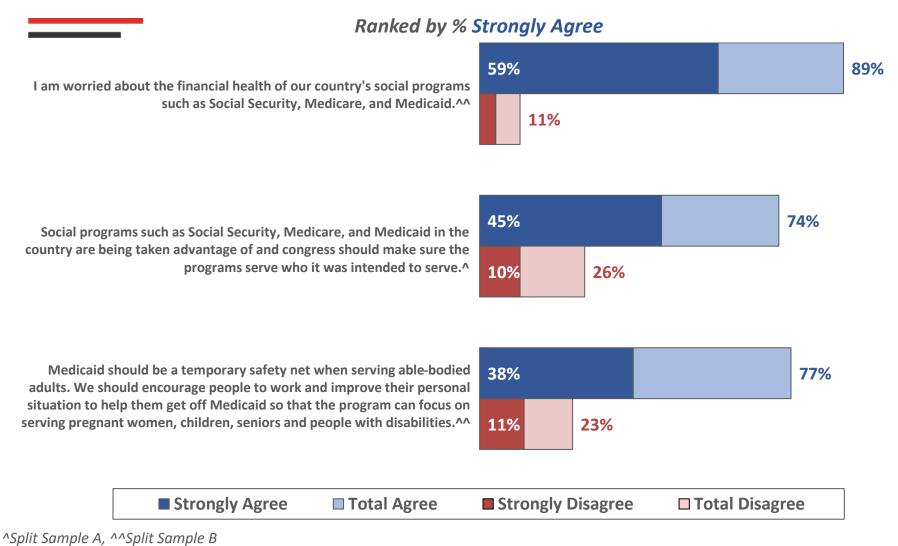
(18%)



(30%)

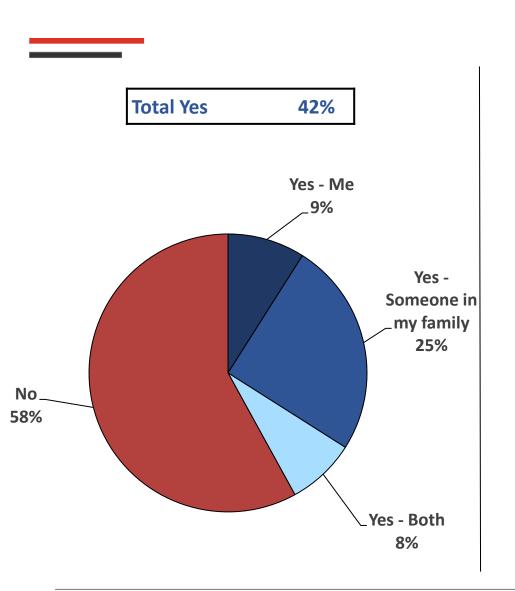
(19%)

Voters are worried about the financial health of Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid.





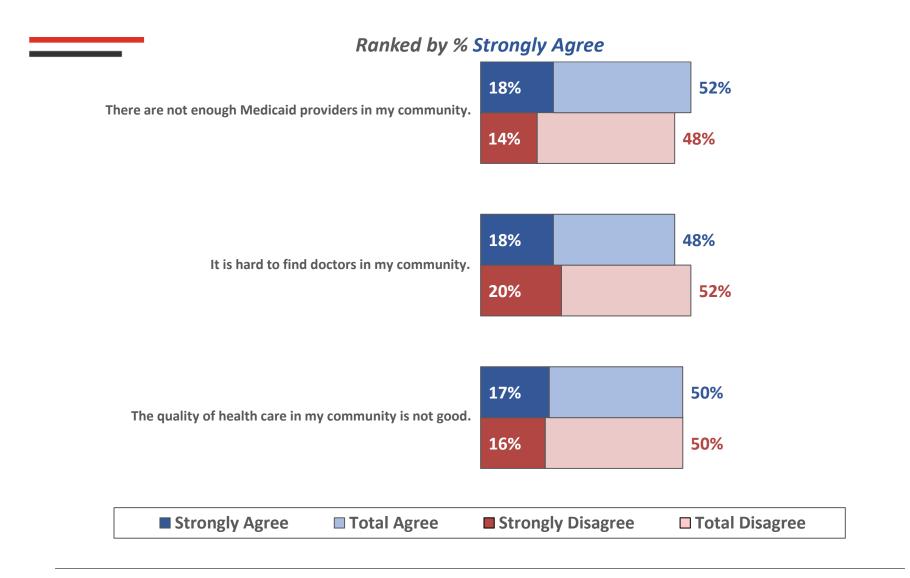
Over 40% of voters have someone in their family on Medicaid.



Top Groups – Yes (42%)	
Independent w/o Degree	58%
Small Business Owner: Yes - Family	57%
Country of Origin: Puerto Rico	57 %
Income: Under \$40K	56%
Child in HH: Moms	55%
Small Business Owner: Total Yes	54%
Women 18-34	53 %
Small Business Owner: Yes - Self	52 %
Work 1+ Job: Yes	50%
Independent Men	49%
Education: Some College	49%
Women w/o Degree	49%
Income: \$40K-\$80K	49%
Child in HH: Yes	49%
Region: Northeast	48%
Employment: Hourly Women	48%
Age: 18-34	47%
Moderate/Liberal GOP	47%
Independent 18-54	47%
Language At Home: Spanish/English	47%
Independents	46%



Voters do not have strong intensity on any of these statements.



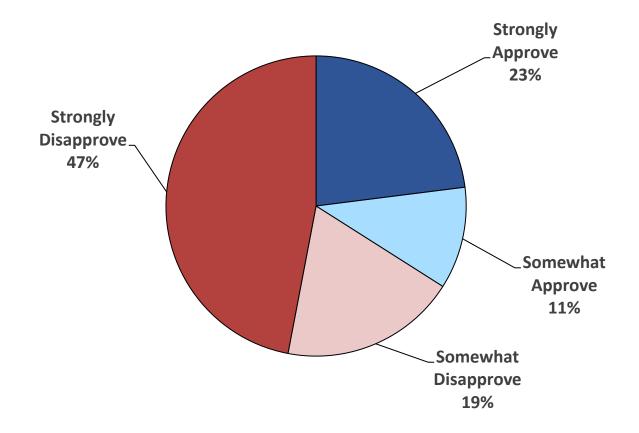




Immigration

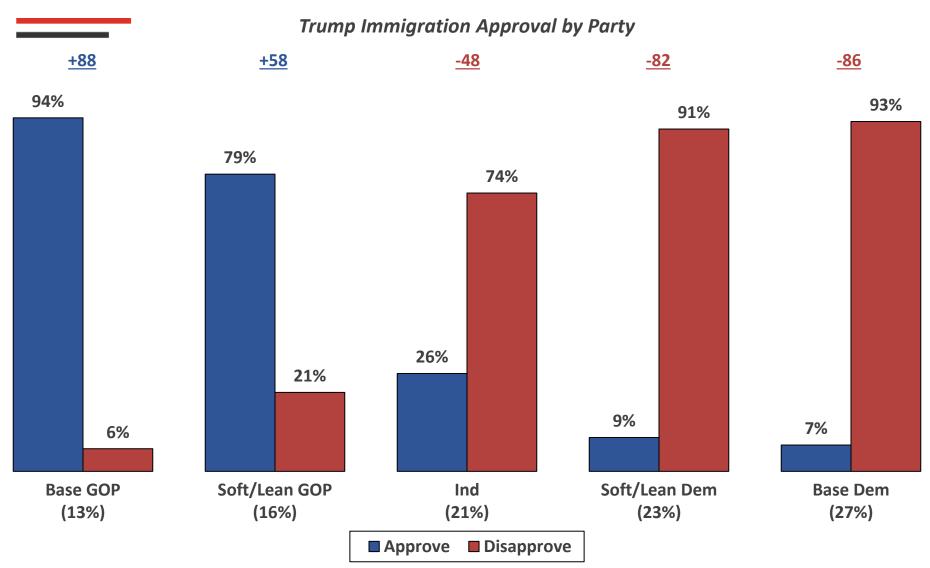
Two-thirds of voters disapprove of the President's handling of immigration, the same as his overall disapproval rating.





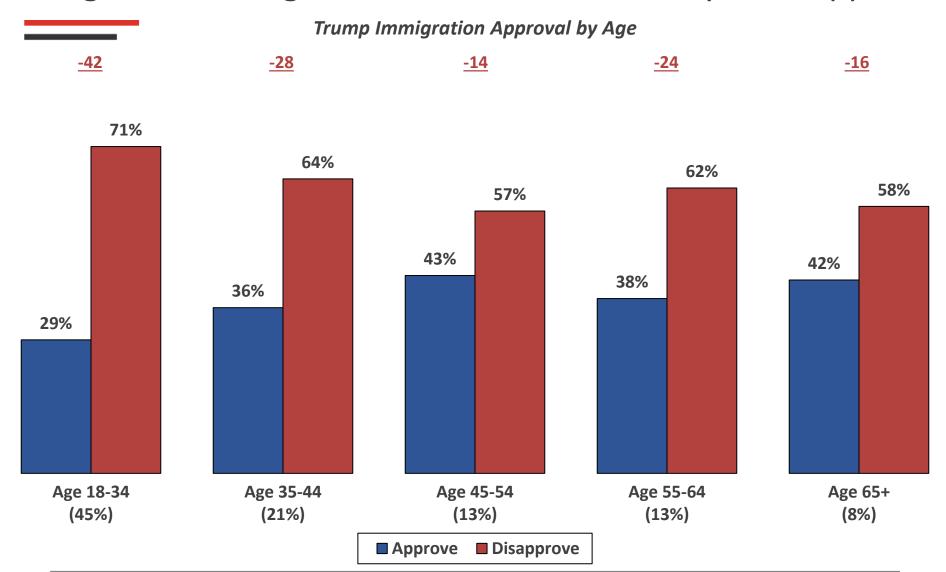


Three-quarters of Independents disapprove of Trump's handling of immigration.



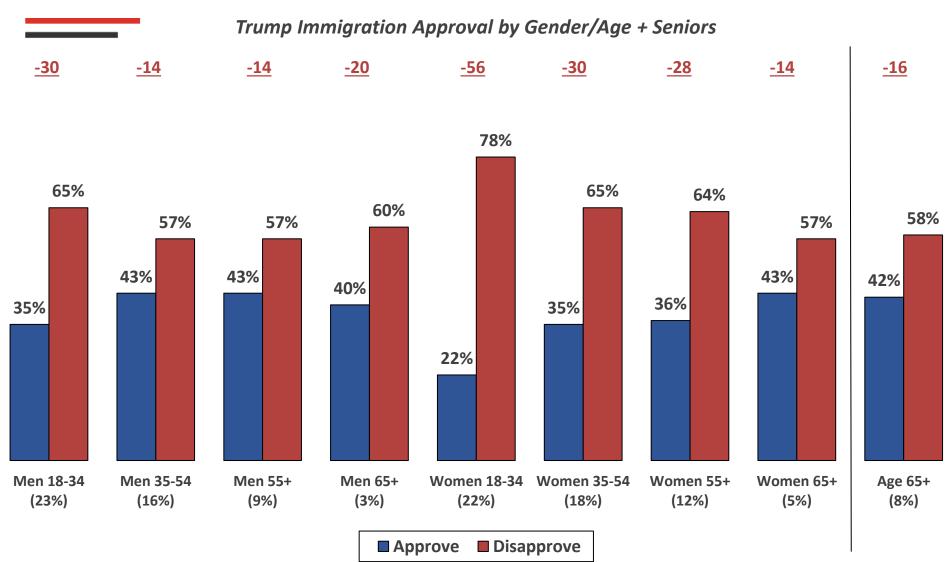


Voters across all age ranges disapprove of Trump on immigration. Younger voters are the most likely to disapprove.





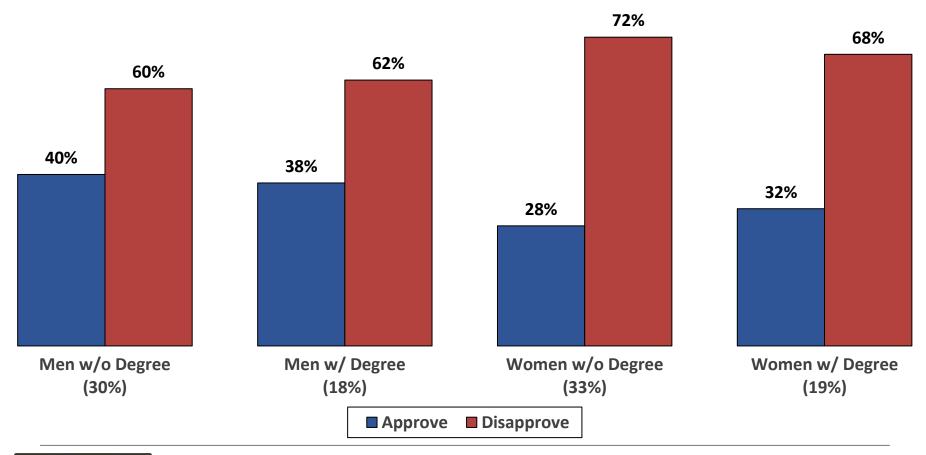
Younger women are the most negative towards Trump's immigration policy.





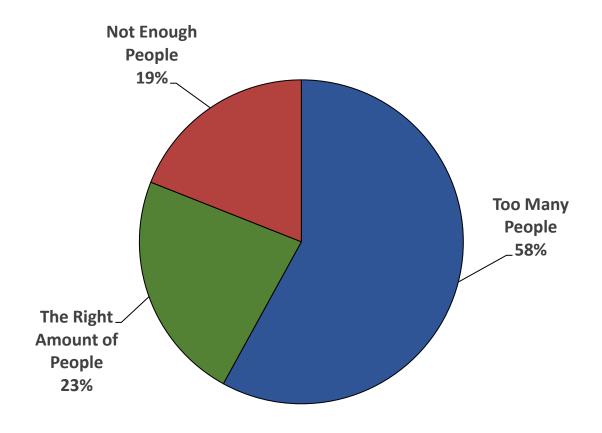
All gender/education groups disapprove of Trump's handling of immigration.

Trump Immigration Approval by Gender/Education





Nearly 60% of voters believe President Trump is deporting too many people.



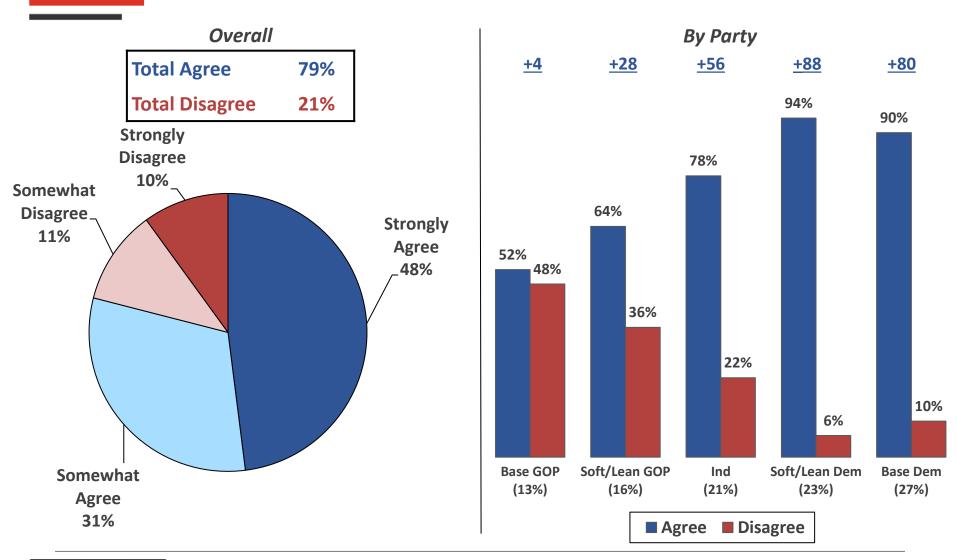


Top Groups

Top Groups — Too Many People (58%)			
Ideology: Very Liberal	93%	Independent w/ Degree	69%
Ideology: Total Liberal	89%	Women 18-34	68%
Dem w/ Degree	87%	Independent Men	67 %
Ideology: Somewhat Liberal	85%	Education: College Grad	67 %
Soft/Lean Dem	84%	Women w/ Degree	67%
Dem Women	80%	Geography: Rural	67 %
Dem 18-54	78%	Language At Home: Total Spanish	65%
Dem 55+	78%	Region: West	64%
Dem Men	76%	Age: 18-34	64%
Base Dem	73 %	Employment: Hourly Women	64%
Dem w/o Degree	73 %	Language At Home: Mostly English	63%
Independent Women	72 %	Women	62 %
Independent 18-54	71%	Small Business Owner: Yes - Family	62%
Income: Under \$40K	71%	Language At Home: Spanish/English	62%
Independents	69%	Country of Origin: Colombia	62%
Independent w/o Degree	69%		

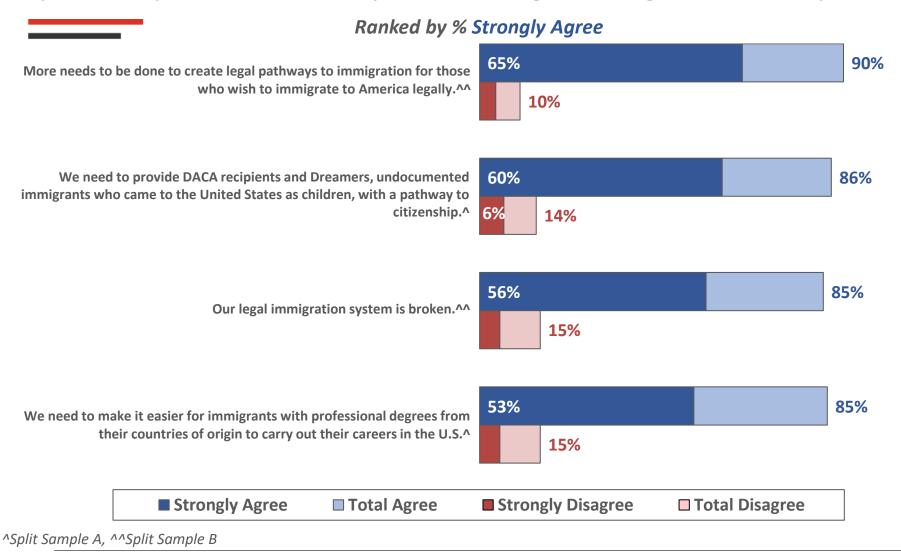


Nearly 80% of voters, including four-in-five Independents and almost two-thirds of soft Republicans, believe the President should focus on deporting those who have committed serious crimes.



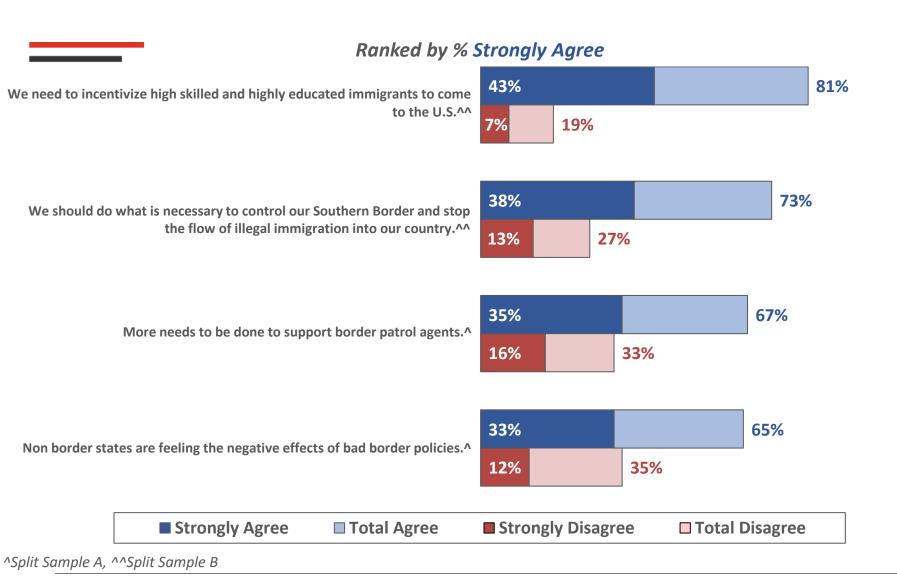


Voters overwhelmingly believe there should be more legal pathways to citizenship, including among DACA recipients.



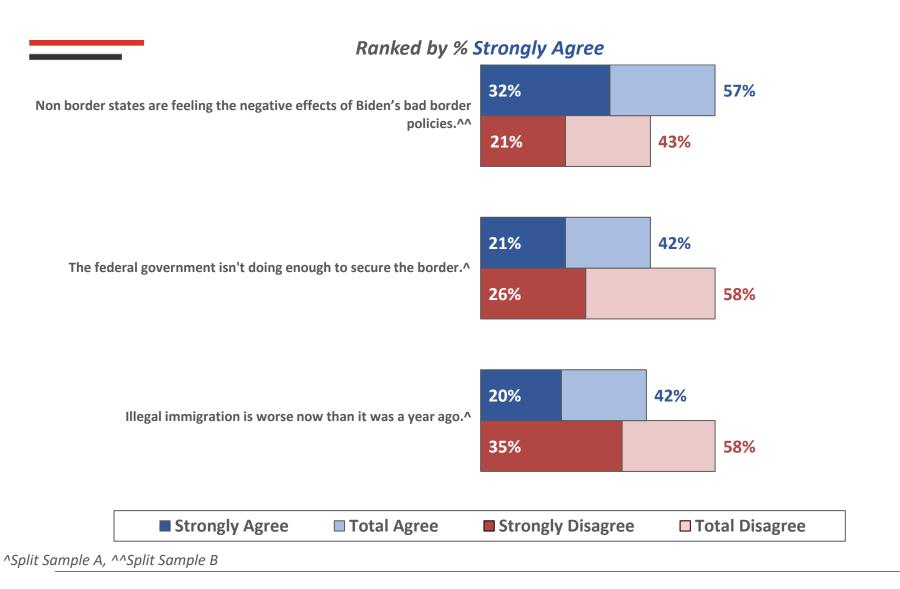


Voters agree with all of these immigration messages.





These messages are not effective.





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